COURSE OF STUDIES FOR M.A. EXAMINATION IN SOCIOLOGY (UNDER SEMESTER SYSTEM IN UNIVERSITY COLLEGES DEPARTMENT AFFILETED RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY, RAIPUR (C.G.) **ACADEMIC SESSION (2018-19)**

M.A. Examination in Sociology shall be conducted in four semesters, each having 500 hundred marks, totaling to 2000 marks. The detailed Course Structure Semester wise is mentioned below.

SI. No.	Paper No.	Title	Marks			
A. FI	RST SEMESTER:	<u> </u>				
S. N	Paper	Subject	Orași de la compania del la compania de la compania	T	Total	CC
1	Paper-I/CC1	Classical Sociological Tradition	20	80	100	
2	Paper-II/CC2	Philosophical and Conceptual Foundation of Research Methodology	20	80	100	supplies of the supplies of th
3	Paper-III/CC3	Social Change in India	20	80	100	
4	Paper-IV/CC4	Rural Sociology	20	80	100	
5	Paper-V/P 1	Practical-I			100	
B. SE	COND SEMESTER	effective from Jan 2018)	1			
6.	Paper-VI/CC5	Classical Sociological Thinkers	20	80	100	04
7.	Paper-VII/CC6	Quantitative Research Techniques in Sociology	20	80	100	04
8.	Paper-VIII/CC7	Sociology of Development	20	80	100	04
9.	Paper-IX/CC8	Indian Rural Society	20	80	100	04
10.	Paper-X/P2	Practical-II			100	04
C. TI	HIRD SEMESTER (e	ffective from Jun 2018)		L		
Transfer .	Paper-XI/CC9	Classical Sociological Theories	20	80	100	04
12	Paper-XII/CC10	Social Movements in India	20	80	100	04
13.	Paper-XIII/CC11	Perspectives of Study to Indian Society	20	80	100	04
14.	Paper-XIV/CC12	Industry and Society in India	20	80	100	04
15	Paper-XV/CC13	Criminology	20	- 80	100	04
		(effective from Jan 2019)			k	<u> </u>
16	Paper-XVI/CC14	Modern Sociological Theories	20	80	100	04
17	Paper-XVII/CC15	Comparative Sociology	20	80	100	04
18	Paper-XVIII/CC16	Contemporary Issues in Industry	20	80	100	04
19	Paper-XIX/CC17	Criminology: Correctional administration	20	80	100	04
20	Paper-XX/P3	Project Report	-		100	04

Head, Social Work, pt. Ravishankar Shukla University,

FIRST SEMESTER

Paper No. I/CC1

Marks-80

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION

Unit-I: Historical Background of The Emergence of Sociology

- a. Traditional Feudal Economy and Social Structure
- b. Impact of Industrial Revolution and New Mode of Production on Society and Economy.
- c. Emergence of Capitalist Mode of Production- Nature and Feature of Capitalism
- d. Enlightenment and It's Impact on Thinking and Reasoning

Unit-II: Auguste Comte

- a. Social Statics and Dynamics
- b. Law of Three Stages
- c. Hierarchy of Sciences
- d. Positivism

Unit-III: Emile Durkheim

- a. Social Facts
- b. Division of Labour, Mechanical and Organic Solidarity
- c. Religion
- d. Theory of Suicide

Unit-IV: Vilfredo Pareto

- a. Logical and Non-Logical Action
- b. Residues and Derivations
- c. Theory of Social Change
- d. Contributions to Methodology

Unit-V:Herbert Spencer

- a. Social Darwinism
- b. Evolution
- c. Organic Analogy
- d. Militant and Industrial Societies

References:

J.H. 1985

1. Abraham, F and Morgan, Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin Macmillan, New Delhi.

2. Adams, B.N. and Sydie, R.A. 2002

Sociological Theory

3. Aron, R. 1965

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Vol. I and Vol.II Penguin, New Delhi.

4. Coser, L.A. 2001

Masters of Sociological Thought Rawat Publishers, Jaipur

5. Rex, John 1973

Discovering Sociology Routledge and Kegan Paul, London

6. Turner, J.H. 2001

The Structure of Sociological Theory Rawat Publishers, Jaipur.

7. Zeitlin, I.M. 1981 Ideology and the Development of Sociological Theory, Prentice Hall, London.

Rothinking Sociology: A Critique of

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Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory. Rawat Publishers, Jaipur.

Paper-II/CC2

Marks-80

PHILOSOPHICAL AND CONCEPTUAL FOUNDATION OF RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Unit-I: Philosophical Roots of Social Research

- a. Issues in the Theory of Epistemology: Forms and Types of knowledge, Validation of knowledge
- b. Positivism and It's Critique: Contributions of Comte, Durkheim and Popper.
- c. Methodological perspectives in Sociology.

Unit-II: Social Research and Scientific Method

- a. Concept and Importance of Social Research.
- b. Types of Social Research
- c. Concept and Characteristics of Scientific method.
- d. Social Phenomeno of Scientific method

Unit-III: Nature of Social Reality and Approaches to It

- a. Research Design: Steps and Processes of It's Formulation
- b. Type of Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Explanatory, Diagnostic and Experimental
- c. Role of concepts and Hypotheses
- d. Problems of Objectivity

Unit-IV: Qualitative Methods in Social Research

- a. Techniques and methods of Qualitative Research: Observation and Interview Guide
- b. Case study, Content Analysis
- c. Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA)
- d. Encounters and Experiences in Field work

Unit-V: Issues in Social Research

- a. Inter disciplinary Research
- b. Issues in Qualitative Research
- c. Theoretical Vs. Applied Research
- d. Processing of Data: Classification, Tabulation and Interpretation.

References:

1. Bailey, K.D. 1979

Methodology of Social Research Macmillan, Free Press-London

2. Barnes, J.A. 1979

Who should known what? Social Science, Privacy

and Ethics, Penguin, London.

3. Beteille, A Madan, T.N. 1975 Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of

field work, Vikas, new Delhi

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5.	1995 Bryman, A 1988	ICSSR, New Delhi. Quality and Quantity in Social Research Unwin
6.	Madge, J 1970	Hyman, London. The Origins of Scientific sociology
7.	Mukherjee, P.N. 2000	Tavistock, London Methodology in Social Research: Dilemmas and perspectives Essays in Honour of Ramakrishna
8.	Mukherjee, R.K. 1979	Mukherjee Sage, New Delhi. What will it be? Explorations in Inductive Sociology
9.		Allied, Bombay. Systemic Sociology
	1993	Sage, New Delhi.
10.	Popper, K 1999	The Logic of Scientific Discovery
11.	Punch, K 1986	Routledge and Kegan Paul London Introduction to Social Research Sage, New Delhi
12.	Sjoberg, G and Roger, N., 1997	Methodology of Social research Rawat, Jaipur
13.	Srinivas, M.N. and	Field worker and the Field
	Shah, A.M., 1979	Oxford, New Delhi.
14.	Weber, M 1974	The Methodology of Social Sciences Free Press, Chicago
15.	Young, P.V. 1977	Scientific Social Surveys and Research Prentice Hall, New Delhi.

Paper No. III/CC3

Marks-80

SOCIAL CHANGE IN INDIA

Unit-I: Conceptual and Theoretical Frame work

a. Concept, Meaning, Definition, Characteristic of social Change.

b. Forms of Social change- Evolution, Progress, Development, Transformation, Revolution

c. Linear Theory of Social Change- August Comte, Herbert Spencer, Morgan

d. Cyclic Theory of Social Change-Vilifred Pareto, P. Sorokin.

Unit-II: Factors of Social change

- a. Techno-Economic
- b. Socio-Psychological
- c. Cultural and Religious
- d. Media

Unit-III: Trends and Processes of Change in Modern India

a. Sanskritization-Concept, Characteristics and means of Social Change.

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b. Secularization -Concept, Characteristics and importance

c. Gandhian-Swalamban, Sarvodaya, Trustiship and importance

d. Globalization-Concept, Characteristic and a process of Social change

Unit- IV: Changes in Tribal and Rural India

a. Tribal Economy- Concept, Characteristics of Tribal Economy, base of Tribal Economy and recent changes in Tribal Economy

b. Rural Economy- Concept, Characteristics of Rural Community, base of Rural Economy and recent changes in Rural Economy

c. Changes in Socio Cultural Spheres

d. Land Alienation- Concept and Cause of Land Alienation, Land Alienation in Rural and Tribal Area.

Unit-V:-Changes in Urban and Industrial India

a. Migration - Concept, Characteristics and types of Migration, In Migration and Growth of informal sector.

b. Slums - Concept, Characteristics of Slums , causes of development of Slums in Urban and Industrial India.

c. Crime - Concept, Characteristics of Crime and causes of development of criminal Activities in Urban and Industrial India.

d. Welfare- Concept, Characteristics of Welfare Programme, Welfare measures and Consequent Changes.

References:

Beteille, A. The Idea of natural inequality and other essays. 2003 Oxford, New Delhi. Rural Sociology in India. Popular, Bombay

Desai, AR 2001

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Jhingan, M.L. The economics of Development and Planning. 2003 Vrinda Publications, New Delhi

4. Kanungo, S. 2002

Making Information Technology Work, Sage, new Delhi

5. Mathur, H.M. (ed) 1994

Development, Displacement and Resettlement: focus on Asian experiences Vikas, New Delhi.

Preston, P. 2001

Reshaping communications, Technology Information and Social Change. Sage, New Delhi. Traditional Ecological Knowledge for managing Bio-sphere reserves in south and central Asia.

Ramachandran, P.S. et al (ed) 2002

Reid, Suctitus 1976

Oxford, New Delhi. Crime and Criminology, Illiois: Deyen Press

Schuurman, F.J. 1999

Globalization and Development, Vistaar, new Delhi.

10. Parekh, B 1999

Colonialism, Tradition and Reform: An analysis of Gandhi's Political Discourse Sage, New Delhi.

11. Sharma, K.L. 1997

Social Stratification in India: Issues and Themes. Sage, New Delhi.

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Sustainable Agriculture and food scarcity Sage,

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14.		Culture Change in India Rawat, Jaipur
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15.	Singharoy, D.K. et al	Social Development and Empowerment of
	(ed) 2000	Marginalised groups, Sage, New Delhi.
16.	Srinivas, M.N.	Social Change in Modern India. Orient and
	1998	Longman, New Delhi.
17.	Vidyarthi, L.P. and Rai, B.K., 1977	Tribal culture in India Concept Publication Company New Delhi.
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Paper No. IV/CC 4

Marks-80

RURAL SOCIOLOGY

Unit-I: Characteristics and Approaches

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Peasant Society
- b. Concept and Characteristics of Agrarian Society
- c. Caste and Jamani Approach
- d. Sub-Altern Approach

Unit-II: Agrarian Institutions

- a. Land Ownership and Its Types: After Independence
- b. Agrarian Relations and Modes of Production
- c. Agrarian Social Structure

Unit- III: Planned Change

- a. Rural leadership
- b. Factionalism
- c. Panchayati Raj before and after 73rd Amendment
- d. Five Year's Plans in India

Unit-IV: Rural Development and Change

- a. Green Revolution
- b. Land Reform
- c. Globalization and its Impact on Agriculture

Unit-V:Welfare measures and consequent Changes

- a. Self-help Group(SHG)
- b. MNREGA
- c. SSA

References:

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2. Berberglu, B. (ed) Class, State and Development in India sage, New 1992 Delhi.

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4.		Studies in Agrarian social structure oxford, New
	1974	Delhi.
5.	Breman, J. 1974	Patronage and Exploitation oxford, New Delhi.
6.	Desai, A.R. (ed) 1977	Rural sociology in India popular, Mumbai.
7.		Rural society in transition Popular, Mumbai.
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8.	Gough, K and Sharma, H.P.(Ed) 1973	Imperialism and Revolution in South Asia, Monthly Reviewed Press, New York.
9.	Guha, r (ed) 1999	Subaltern Studies Oxford, New Delhi.
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15.	Thorner, D. 1956	The Agrarian prospects in India University press, New Delhi.
16.		Land and labour in India,
	1962	Asia publications, Mumbai.

Paper No. V/P1 PRACTICAL-I

Marks-100

Practical based on Field Work & Preparation of tools Interview Guide and case study

Scheme of Evaluation- 50% by Internal Examiner and rest 50% by Viva-Voce Examination evaluated both by the Internal and External Examiner.

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SECOND SEMESTER

Paper No. -VI/CC 5

Marks-80

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL THINKERS

Unit-I: Karl Marx

- a. Materialistic Interpretation of History
- b. Class and Class Struggle
- c. Alienation.
- d. Surplus Value and Exploitation.

Unit-II: Thurstein Veblen

- a. Theory of Leisure class
- b. Concepts of Social Change
- c. Comparison of Marx and Veblen's theories.

Unit-III: Max Weber

- a. Theory of Social Action
- b. Concepts of Status, Class and power
- c. Sociology of Religion and Economic Development
- d. Ideal Type

Unit-IV Talcott Parsons

- a. Social Action
- b. Pattern variables
- c. Social System
- d. Mechanisms of social Control.

Unit-V: Robert K. Merton

- a. Reference Group
- b. Social structure and Anomie
- c. Paradigms of Functionalism
- d. . Bureaucracy

References:

- 1. Abraham, F and Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin Morgan, J.H. Macmillan, New Delhi.
- 2. Aron, R. Main Currents in Sociological Thought Vol. I and II Penguin, London.
- 3. Adams, B.N. and Sociological theory Vistaar, New Delhi. Sydie, R.A. 2001
- 4. Collins, R. Theoretical Sociology Rawat, Jaipur
- 5. Coser, L.A. Masters of Sociological Thought
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- 6. Giddens, A. Capitalism and Modern Social Theory: An Analysis of Writings of Marx., Durkeheim and Weber Cambridge University press. London.
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	1996		Rawat, Jaipur.

Paper No.-VII/CC6

Marks-80

QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH TECHNIQUES IN SOCIOLOGY

Unit-I: Sampling

- a. Rational
 - b. Types
 - c. Sampling error
 - d. Survey Vs. Sampling based study in sociology

Unit-II: Quantitative method and survey Research

- a. Techniques of Survey Research: Interview
- b. Tools of Research; Preparation of Questionnaire and Interview
- c. Processing of Data:Editing ,Classification,Tabulation and Interpretation
- d. Use of Computer in Data Processing

Unit-III: Measurement and Scaling Techniques

- a. Levels of Measurements: Types of Scales-Nominal and Ordinal
- b. Reliability and Validity of Scaling
- c. Measures of Social Distance: Thurstein, Lickert and Bogardus Scale
- d. Sociometry

Unit-IV: Statistics in Social Research

- a. Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median and Mode
- b. Measures of Dispersion-Standard Deviation
- c. Correlation Analysis- Chi Square Test
- d. Quantitative Vs. Qualitative research in sociology

Unit-V:Qualitative and Quantitative research method

- a. Triangulation; mixing Qualitative and Quantitative methodologies
- b. Social Research, Action research and Participatory research
- Application of computers in Social research; MS office.
- d. Ethical issues in social research.

References:

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2. Bryman, Allan1988 Quality and Quantity in Social ResearchUnwin,

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7. Mukherjee, P.N, Methodology in Social Research Dilemamas and Perspectives, Essays in honour of Ramakrishna

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Paper No. -VIII/CC7

Marks-80

SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

Unit-I: Perspectives on Development

- a. Concept and Defining development
- b. Element of Development
- c. Path and Agency of Development: Capitalist, Mixed Economy, Gandhian
- d. Theories; Modernization, Marxist, Dependency.

Unit-II: Changing Concept of Human Development

- a. Mainstream vs. Indigenous Model of Development
- b. Human Indicator Index
- c. Sustainable Development: Socio- Cultural, environmental and economic.
- d. Impact of Bio-Technology and Information Technology on Development.

Unit-III: Indian Experience of Development

- a. Sociological Appraisal of Five Year Plans
- b. Social Consequences of Economic Reforms
- c. Socio-Cultural Impact of Globalization
- d. Social Implication of InfoTech and Bio-Tech Revolution

Unit-IV: Consequences of Development

- Development and Displacement- concept, causes and consequences of Displacement
- Development and Socio- Economic Disparities: health, Education, Per capita Income
- c. Ecological Degradation: concept, causes and consequences of Degradation

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- d. Development and Migration: concept, causes and consequences of Migration.
- Unit-V:Issues in development in Contemporary India.
 - a. Social Exclusion
 - b.Gender Discrimination
 - c. Privatization and un favourable Service condition.
 - d. Sustainability and development

References:

Re	eferences:	
1.	Alavi, H. and Shanin, T., 1982	Introduction to the study of Developing societies Macmillan, London
2.	Amin, Samir-1979	Unequal Development, New Delhi
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6.	Bhatnagar, S., 2000	Information and Communication: Technology in Development, Sage, New Delhi.
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Paper No. IX/CC8

Marks-80

INDIAN RURAL SOCIETY

Unit-I: Tribal Society as Agrarian Society

- a. Tribe Concept and Characteristic
- b. Tribe class
- c. Changing problems of Tribal Land

Unit-II: Social Issues

- a. Migration
- b. Land Alienation
- c. Loss of Livelihood

Unit-III: Contemporary Issues

- a. Health
- b. Education
- c. Changing status of Rural Women
- d. Inequality

Unit-IV: Peasant Movement

- a. Causes
- b. Types
- c. Tebhaga
- d. Telengana

Unit-V: Naxlite movement in Contemporary India.

- a. Origin and affected area
- b. Causes
- c. Present status; Governments measures and peoples response.

References:

 Beteille, A. Inequality and Social Change 1986 Oxford, New Delhi.

2. Bardhan, p. Poverty, Agrarian Structure and Political

Economy in India.

3. Desai, A.R. Rural Society in Transition 1979 Popular, Mumbai

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	1979	Oxford, New Delhi
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Paper No. X/P2 PRACTICAL-II

Marks-100

Practical based on Field Work & Preparation of tools

Questionnaire, Interview Schedule Preparation and Tabulation.

Scheme of Evaluation- 50% by Internal Examiner and rest
50% by Viva-Voce Examination evaluated both by the Internal and
External Examiner.

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THIRD SEMESTER

Paper No. XI/CC9

Marks-80

CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Unit-I: Positivism

- a. Concept and Characteristics of positivism
- b. Contributions of Comte
- c. Contributions of Durkheim
- d. Criticism

Unit-II: Functionalism

- a. Concept and Characteristics of functionalism
- b. Contributions of Parsons
- c. Contribution of Merton
- d. Criticism

Unit-III: Conflict theory

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Conflict theory
- B Contributions of Karl Marx
- c Contribution of Dahrendorf
- d Randell Collins

Unit-IV: Structuralism

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Structuralism
- b Contribution of Red Cliff Brown
- c Contribution of Levistrauss
- d Criticism

Unit-V:Exchange Theory

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Exchange Theory
- b. Contribution of Peter Blau
- c. Contribution of George Homans.
- d. Criticism

References:

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1.	Abraham, M.F.	Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction
	2001	Oxford, New Delhi.
2.	Alexander, J.C. 1987	Twenty Lectures; Sociological theories since World War- II Columbia University press- New York.
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Paper No.XII/CC10

Marks-80

SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

Unit-I: Nature and Types

- a. Characteristics
- b. Types
- c. Reasons
- d. Power Structure and Social Movements

Unit -II:Basis of Social Movement

- a.Class, Caste, Ethnicity and Gender
- b. Types of leadership and relationship between leaders and masses
- c. Political institution and social movement.
- d. Role of media in social movement.

Unit-III: Theoretical Perspectives

- a. Marxian and Post-Marxian
- b. Structural-Functional
- c. Postmodernist
- d.Post-Structuralist

Unit-IV: Traditional Social Movements

- a. Labour and Trade Union
- b. Tribal
- c. Peasant
- d. Nationalist

Unit-V: New Social Movements

- a. Dalit
- b. Women
- c. Ethnic
- d. Environmental
- e. student movements.

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References:

- Banks, J.A., 1972; The Sociology of Social Movements (London: Macmillan)
- Desai, A.R., Ed., 1979; Peasant Struggles in India (Bombay : 2. University Press)
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- Gore, M.S., 1993; The Social Context of an Ideology : 4. Ambedkar's Political and Social Thoughts (New Delhi : Sage)
- Oomen, T.K., 1990: Protest and Change: Studies in Social 5. Movements (Delhi: Sage).

Paper No.XIII/CC11

Marks-80

PERSPECTIVES OF STUDY TO INDIAN SOCIETY

Unit-I: Indological / Textual

- a. G.S. Ghurye;- Origin, Theory and Characteristics of caste, caste and Race.
- b. Louis Dumont:- Homohierarchius in caste system in India
- c. Criticism of Ghurye and Dumont.

Unit-II: Structural Functionlism

- a. M.N.Srinivas:- Dominant Caste, Sanskritization, Secularization and Social Change.
- b. S.C.Dube:-Social Change and Modernization
- c. Criticism of M.N. Srinivas and S.C. Dube

Unit-III: Marxism

aD.P.Mukharjee:- Approach to study Indian Economy and Society b.A.R. Desai:- Approach to study rural society and Economy in India. cCriticism of D.P.Mukherjee and A.R.Desai

Unit-IV: Subaltern Perspective

- a. B.R. Ambedkar: Characteristics of Caste, Demerits of Caste, Annihilation of Caste
- b. David Hardiman:- Characteristics of Indian Society, Subaltern Approach to study Indian Society.
- c. Comparision between Ambedkar and Hardiman's Subaltern Approach Unit-V: Civilizational Approach
- a. N.K.Bose

References:

- b. Surjeet Sinha
- c. Criticism of N.K. Bose and Surjeet Sinha

16

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2.	Desouza, P.R. (ed) 2000	Contemporary India Transitions. Sage, New
3.	Dhanagare, D.N. 1993	Delhi. Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology
4.	Dube, S.C. 1967	Rawat, Jaipur The Indian village Routledge, London
5.	1973	Social Sciences in a chanign society. Lucknow
6.	Dumont, L.	university press, Lucknow Homo Hierarchicus: the caste system and its
7.	Hardiman, D 1987	implications Vikas, New Delhi. The coming of the Devi: Adivasi Assertion in
8.	1996	western India Oxford, New Delhi Feeding the Bania: Peasants and usurers in
9.	Momin, A.R.	western India. Oxford, New Delhi. The legacy of G.S. Ghurye Popular, Mumbai
10.	Mukharjee, D.P. 1958	Diversities PPH, New Delhi
11.	Oommen, T.K. and Mukharjee, P.N. 1986	Indian Sociology: Reflection and Introspection popular, Mumbai.
12.	Singh, y.	Indian Sociology: Social conditioning and
13.	1986 Srinivas, M.N.	Emerging concerns, Vistaar, New Delhi. India's Villages Asia publishing House, Bombay.

Paper No.XIV/CC12

1960

Marks-80

INDUSTRY AND SOCIETY IN INDIA

Unit-I: Industrial Sociology and Classical Sociological Tradition

- a. Scientific Management
- b. Division of Labour
- c. Bureaucracy and Rationality
- d. Production Relations and Alienation

Unit-II: Industrial Organizations

- a. Formal and Informal Organizations: Structure and Functions
- b. Line and Staff Organization
- c. Contemporary Organization Realities

Unit-III: Impact of Industrialization on:

- a. Family
- b. Stratification
- c. Habitat and Settlement
- d. Environmental

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Unit-IV: Subjective Experience of Work

- a. Work Ethics, Work Value, Work Attitude and Work Process
- b. Motivation to Work,
- c. Work Satisfaction, Incentives and Its Effects

Unit-V: Technological Change and Automation

- a. Technology and Social Structure in Industry
- b. Organizational Choice and Technological Change
- Resistance to Automation and Change

Re	ferences:	
1.	Agrawal R.D.	Dynamics of Indian labour relations in India (A
	1972	Book regarding Mc-Graw Hill, Bombay)
2.	Aziz Abdul	Labour problems of developing economy Ashis
	1984	Publishing house, New Delhi
3.	Gilbert S.J. 1985	Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology Tata Mc- Graw hill Bombay
4.	Karnik V.B. 1990	Indian trade Union A survey, Popular Prakashan- Bombay
5.	Laxmana, C et al 1990	Workers Participation and industrial democracy: Global perspectives: Ajanta publication, New Delhi.
6.	Memoria, C.B. and Memoria 1992	Dynamics of Indian Relations in India Himalaya publishing house: Mumbai
7.	Miller, D.c. and Farm W.M. 1964	The Sociology of Industry George Allen and Onwin, London
8.	Philip H and Mellissa T 2001	Work Post Modernism and organization Sage, New Delhi
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10. 1978 Industrial Relations in India OUP, new Delhi

11. Thiwait, P.K. 1987

Social Structure of a Planned Town, Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology, Calcutta.

12. Watson K. Tony 1995

Sociology, work and industry Routlodge and Kagan Paul, London.

Paper No.XV/CC13

Marks-80

CRIMINOLOGY Unit-I: Conceptual and Theoretical Approaches

- a. Legal, and Sociological concept of Crime
- b. Crime Causes prevention and Control
- c. Theories on Crime Causation; Sociological and Geographical



Unit-II: Type of Criminals and Crime

- a. Juvenile delinquency
- b. Women and Crime
- c. White collar crime

Unit-III: Changing Profile of Crime and Criminals;

- a. Corruption: Types, Causes, and Consequences.
- b Cyber Crime: Causes, Prevention and Control
- c Crime Against Women: Causes, Prevention and Control

Unit-IV: Theories of Punishment

- a. Retributive, Deterrent: Theories and Criticism
- b. Reformative Theory: Probation and Parole
- c. Open Prison-Its Success and Failure

Unit-V: Terrorism

- a. Concept of Terrorism and Its Characteristics
- b. Terrorism in India
- c. Social and Legal Measures for Its Prevention and Control

References

Ke	terences:	
1.	Ahuja, R. 1969	Female offenders in India Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut
2.	Madan, G.R. 1985	Indian social problems-I Allied Publishers, New Delhi
3.	Mahapatra, S. 2002	Rays of Hope: Forum for fact finding documentation and Advocacy Raipur.
4.	Mishra, R and Mohanty, S. 1992	Police and Social change in India Ashish publishing House, New Delhi.

- 5. National Crime Crime in India, New Delhi. records Bureau 2000
- 6. National human rights commission 2000-2001

 Annual Report Sardar Patel Bhawan. New Delhi.
- 7. Reid, Suctitus 1976 Crime and Criminology, Illiois: Deyen Press
- 8. Singh, S. and Gender equity through women's empowerment.
 Srivastava, S.P. (ed)
 Bharat book center, Lucknow.
- 9. Sirohi, J.P.S. Criminology and Criminal Administration Allahabad Law agency. Allahabad.
- 10. Vadackumchery, J. The police and Delinquency in India. APH Publishing corporation, New Delhi.

Oho ai

FOURTH SEMESTER

Paper No. XVI/CC14

Marks-80

MODERN SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Unit-I: Symbolic Interactionism

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Symbolic Interectionism
- b. Contributions of G.H. Mead
- c. Contribution of H.Blumer
- d. Criticism

Unit-II: Phenomenology

a. Concept and Characteristics of Phenomenology

bContributions of Alfred Schutz

cContributions of Peter Berger

dCriticism

Unit-III:Ethnomethodology

a Concept and Characteristics of Ethnomethodology

b.Contribution of Harold Garfinkel

c Contribution of Irving Goffman

dCriticism

Unit-IV: Critical Theory

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Critical Theory
- b. Contributions of Adorno
- c. Contributions of Habermas
- d. Criticism

Unit-V: Post Modernism

- a. Concept and Characteristics of Post Modernism
- b. Contributions of Michel Foucault
- c. Contributions of Jacques Derrida
- d. Criticism

References:

Abraham, M.F. Modern Sociological Theory: An introduction Oxford, New Delhi

2. Adams, B.N. and Sociological Theory, Vistaar, New Delhi Sydie, R.A. 2001

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 Apadurai, A. 1996
 Twenty lecturers: Sociological theories since world war-II Columbia Univ. Press New York Modernity at large: Cultural Dimensions of Clobalisation. University of Alexander, J.C.

Globalisation University of Minnesota Press, Minneapolis

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10. Gidd 1983	ens, A.	Central Problems in social theory, action, structure and contradictions in social analysis	
termi,		Macmillan, London. Capitalism and Modern Social Theory,	
1996 12. Kuma 1997	ar, K.	Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. From Post-Industrial to post- modern Society, Black Well Publishers, Oxford, UK.	
13. Lash, 1996	S.	Sociology of Post Modernism Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.	
14. Podos Los, N 1979	gorecki, A and M.	Multi Dimensional Sociology Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.	
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17. Turne 2001	er, J.H.	The structure of sociological theory Rawat, Jaipur	
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Paper No. XVII/CC15

Marks-80

COMPARATIVE SOCIOLOGY

Unit-I: Historical and Social Context of Emergence of Sociology in the West

- a. Emergence of Sociology in West
- b. Eurocentric base of western Sociological Tradition
- c. Americanization of Sociology
- d. National Tradition in Sociology

Unit-II: Central Themes in Comparative sociology

- a. Modernity and Development:- Concept, Characteristics and issues
- b .Diversity and multi Culturalism:- Concept, Characteristics and issues
- c. Enviornment:- Concept, Characteristics and issues
- d. Globalization; Concept, Characteristics and issues

Unit-III: Theoretical Concern,s in Comparative sociology

- a. Problems of theoring in sociology
- b. Theoretical and Methodological approaches in sociology
- c. Policy issues: Formulation and Evalution

Unit IV: Current Debates

a. Contextitualization-Iravati Karve

(C) Lo

b. Indianization-G.S.Ghurye, K.M.Kapadia

c. Use of Native Categories- M.N.Srinivas , A.Beteille

d. Criticism and present status

Unit-V: Debate on "For Sociology of India"

a. Sociology of India- D.P.Mukherjee, R.K.Mukherjee

- b .Sociology in India-School of Sociology in Bombay, Lucknow and Delhi
- c. Sociology For India-Louis Dumont, Pocock, Yogendra Singh and Indra
- d. Criticism and present status

References:

Anderski, S 1961: Elements of Comparative Sociology(London , Widenfeld and Nicolson)

2 Beteille, Andre 1987: Essays in Comparative Sociology(New Delhi: Oxford University Press)

3 Beteille, Andre 1992: Society and Policies in India: Essays in Comparative Sociology(New Delhi: Oxford University Press)

Berremen, G.D 1981: The Politocs of Truth: essays in Critical Anthopology, New Delhi: South Asian Publishers)

5 Dube, S. C. 1973: Modernization and Development: The search for alternative paradigm (New Delhi: Vistar)

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10 Kothari, Rajan 1988: Rethinking Development: In search of Human Alternatives Delhi: Ajanta.

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MohanR.P International Hand book of Contemporary and A.S.Wilke, eds.1994: Developments of Sociology (London: Mansell) 13 Oommen, T.K.& P.N. Indian Sociology: Reflection and Introspection

Mukherjee eds. 1986: popular, Mumbai. 14 Parekh, Bhikhu 2000

Rethinking Multiculturalism: Cultural Diversity and Political Theory (London: Macmillian)

15 Saraswati B.N.1994: Interface of Cultural Identity and Development (New Delhi: Indira Gandhi National Centre of the

16 World Commission (New Delhi: Oxford University Press) on environment and

Development, 1987:

17 Wallerstein, Immanuel 1974:

Modern World System (New York: Oxford University Press)

Paper No.XVIII/CC16

Marks-80

CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INDUSTRY

Unit-I: Industrial Relation

- a. Importance of Human Relations at work
- b. Conflict: Causes and Types, Resolution of Conflict
- c. Conciliation and Collective Bargaining
- d. Worker's Participation in Management

Unit-II: Trade Union and Industrialization

- a. History of Trade Unionism in India
- b. Objectives and Functions
- c. ILO and Trade Unions in India
- d. Trade Unionism in Globalization

Unit-III: Industry and Society

- a. Impact of Industry on Family
- b. Impact of Industry on Stratification
- c. Industrialization and Migration
- d. Industrialization and Religion

Unit-IV: Industrilization in Third world Countries in the Era of Globlization

- a. FDI and Third World
- b. International Agencies: World Bank and Third world countries
- c. Status of Industries in Third World Countries

Unit-V: Contemporary Issues

- a. Industrialization and Women Labour
- b. Industrialization and Child Labour
- c. Industrialization and Environment
- d. Problem of Industrialization in Developing Countries

References:

711	iciences.	
Season 2	Agrawal R.D. 1972	Dynamics of Indian labour relations in India (A Book regarding Mc-Graw Hill, Bombay)
2.	Aziz Abdul	Labour problems of developing economy Ashis
	1984	Publishing house, Hew Delhi
3.	Gilbert S.J.	Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology Tata Mc-
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5 Layman Catalan trade Union A survey, Popular Prakashan

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6.	Memoria, C.B. and Memoria 1992	Dynamics of Indian Relations in India Himalaya publishing house: Mumbai		
7.	Miller, D.c. and Farm W.M. 1964	The Sociology of Industry George Allen and Onwin, London		
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11.	Thiwait, P.K. 1987	Social Structure of a Planned Town, Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology, Calcutta.		
12.	Watson K. Tony 1995	Sociology, work and industry Routlodge and Kagan Paul, London.		

Paper No.-XIX/CC17

Marks-80

CRIMINOLOGY: CORRECTIONAL AND ADMINISTRATION

Unit-I:Roots of Correction to prevent Crime

- a. Socialization
- b. Family values: Truth, Obedience, honesty, integrity, morality, ethics.
- c. Role of education

Unit-II: Correction and It's Forms

- Meaning and Significance of Correction; Prison Based and Community Based
- b. Correctional Programmes in Prison; History of Prison Reforms in India
- c. After Care and Rehabilitation Programme.

Unit-III: Problem of Correctional Administration

- a. Overcrowding; Lack of Inter Agency Co-Ordination among Police Prosecution, Judiciary and Prison
- b. Prison Offences
- c. Problem of Criminal Justice Administration

Unit-IV: Victimological Perspective

- a. Victrim's Responsibility in Crime
- b. Violation of Prisoner's Human Rights
- c. Problems of Women Offenders.

Unit-V: Community Policing

- a. Concept and Objectives
- b. Types
- c. Significance

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Ref	erences:			
1.	Ahuja, R. 1981	The Prison System Sahitya Bhawan, Agra		
2.		Contemporary Social problems in India Rawat,		
	1997	Jaipur.		
3.	Advani, NH,	Perspectives on Adult Crime and correction.		
	1978	Abhinav Publication, New Delhi.		
4.	Bedi, K. 1998	It is always possible sterling, New Delhi.		
5. Devasia, L and Female crimi		Female criminals and Female Victims: An Indian		
	Devasia, V.V. (ed) 1989	Perspective Dattsons, Nagpur.		
6.	Gosmami, B.K. 1983	Criminology and Penology Allahabad		
7.	Mohanty, S 1990	Crime and Criminals in India Ashish Pub. House New Delhi.		
8.	Reid, S. 1976	Crime and Criminology Deydan press, Illinayse		
9.	Shankardas, R.D. 2000	Punishment and the Prison: India and International perspective, Sage, New Delhi.		
10.		Principles of Criminology The Times of India Press, Bombay.		
7.		The correction Profession Sage, New Delhi.		

Paper No.-XX/P3

PROJECT REPORT

Marks-100

On Rural and Urban Problems

Scheme of Evaluation- 50% by Internal Examiner and rest 50% by Viva-Voce Examination evaluated both by the Internal and External Examiner.

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ORDINANCE NO. 13

- Master of Arts Examination
- The Examination for the degree of master of Arts shall consists of two parts
 - (a) The Previous Examination, and
 - (b) The Final Examination.
 - A candidate who after taking his Bachelor's degree of the University or an examination of any statutory University in India which has been recognised by the University and has completed a regular course of study in the teaching department of the University or in a College in the subject in which he offers himself for examination for one academic year shall be admitted to the Previous Examination for the degree of Master of Arts.

A candidate after passing a graduate examination under 11 +3 scheme or any other examination recognised by the University as equivalent there to shall be eligible for admission to a post-graduate course of studies where graduation is minimum qualification only after passing, one year Bridge Course prescribed for the purpose. This shall apply to students graduation in 1991 main examination.

A candidate who after passing the M. A. Previous Examination of the University, has Completed a regular course of study for one academic year in a teaching department of the University or in a collegies shall be admitted to the Final Examination for the degree of master of Arts in the subject in which he/she passed the Previous Examination.

A candidate who has passed the Previous. Examination for the degree of Master of Arts of another University may also be admitted to the Final Examination for the degree of Master of Arts after obtaining necessary permission from the Kulpati, provided that he offered for his Previous Examination a course of study of an equivalent standard with almost identical syllabus as required for one Previous Examination of the University and has attended a regular course of study for one academic year in a College affiliated to the Unitersity or a teaching department of the, University.

4. Besides regular students and subject to other compliance with this Ordinance, exe=students and non-collegiate candidates shall be eligible for admission to the Examination as per provisions of Ordinance No.6 relating to Examination (General). Provided that in the subject where field work or practical work is prescribed only such candidates will be permitted to appear as non-collegiate candidates as have obtained permission of the Head of the University Teaching Department or Principal of the College teaching such subject.

Provided that non-collegiate candidates-shall be permitted to offer only such subjects/ papers as are thought to the regular students at any of the University Teaching Department or College.

- The subject of the examination shall be one of the following:
 - (i) English
 - (ii) Hindi.
 - (iii) Economics
 - (iv) Political Science

P82-6-2018

Head, 5.0.5. in Sociology & Social Work, Pt. Ravishankar Shukla University, Raipur. (C.G.)

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- (v) History
 - (vi) Philosophy
 - (vii) Sanskrit
 - (viii) Mathematics
 - (ix) Linguistics
 - (x) Geography
 - (xi) Sociology
 - (xii) Anthropology
 - (xiii) Classics
 - (xiv) Ancient Indian Hostory, Culture and Archeology
 - (xv) Public Administration
 - (xvi) Defence Studies
 - Statistics

A candidate securing 60% or more marks in the M.A./M.Com. Previous Examination will be eligible to offer dissertation in lieu of one of the, optional papers for the Final. A regular candidate can offer dissertation with the permission of the Professor and the Head of Department of his Institution, while a private candidate will have to secure the prior permission in writing of anyone of the Professors of the subject working in an institution within the jurisdiction of the University and will work under supervision of that Professor after obtaining prior permission of the University to that

A candidate who has passed the M. A. Examination of the University inany subject shall be allowed to present himself for the M.A. Examination in qny, one or more of the optional papers in tha1 subject not taken by him at the said examination and is successful will be given a certificate to that effect.

No Candidate shall be allowed to offer more than two additional papers in any one

For both the Previous and Final Examination a candidate will be declared successful If he/she obtains atlesast 36% of the aggregate marks in the, subject. In subject, in which both Theory and Practical Examinations are held the examinee must pass separately- in the Practical Examination obtaining not less than 36% marks.

No division wil'I be assigned on the result of the Previous E'xamination, The division in which a candidate is placed shall be determined on the basis of aggregate of marks obtained in both the M. A. Previous and, the M.A. Final Examination.

- Successful candidate who obtain 60% or more of the aggregate marks shall be placed in the First Division, those obtaining less than 60% but not less than 48% in the Second. Division and all other successful candidates obtaining less than 48% in
- Candidates who have passed the M.A. Examination of the University in any, subject in Third or Second Division and desire to appear at the M.A. Examination in the sa.me subject for improving division without attending a regular course of study in a college affiliated to the University or in a teaching Department of the University be allowed to appear at the aforesaid examination as non-collegiate student on the following Conditions:-
- There shall be only two Divisions for such candidates the First Division and Second Divsion. The marks required for obtaining these divisions shall be sameas

- prescribed in the Ordinance i. e. examinees who are successful in Final of the Examination and have obtained 60% or more aggregate of the marks in Previous and Final Examination taken together shall be placed in the First Division and examinees who are successful in Final Examination and have obtained less than 60% but not less than 48% of aggregate marks Previous and Final Examinations taken together shall be placed in the Second Division.
 - (ii) The result of the candidates obtaining less than 48% of the aggregate marks in Previous and Final of the examination taken together shall not be declared.
 - (iii) Candidates shall be option to appear at both the Previous and Final Examinations in one and the same year and for being successful at the examination, the candidates shall obtain 48% of the aggregate marks. Provided that such candidates who up to appear in Previous and Final Examinations separately shall have to obtain minimum aggregate required for the Previous Examination but he will have to obtain atleast 48% in the aggregate of Previous and Final Examinations taken together or else his result will be cancelled.
 - (iv) The syllabus for the examination shall be the same as prescribed for the year in which the examination is held.
 - (v) Not more than two attempts shall be allowed to such a candidate. Failure or non-appearance at the examination after permission has been accorded by the University, shall be counted as an attempt. Provided however such candidates who up to appear at the Previous and Final examination separately will be allowed only one attempt at the previous examination and two attempts at the Final Examination.
 - (vi) Candidates who wish to avail the opportunity given in foregoing paras will have to apply for permission as required in the Ordinance relating to admission of Non-collegiate students to the University examinations, alongwith requisite registration fee.
 - (vii) In case, a student improves his division under provision of this para, the fresh Degree will be issued after canceling his first Degree.
- 11. Transitory Provisioll; The reblaced Ordinance relating to Master of Arts Examination shall remain effecting till the examination of 1991, and this new Ordinance shall be Applicable from the examination 1992.

USE OF CALCULATORS

The students of Degree/P.G. classes will be permitted to use Calculator in the examination-hall on the. Following conditions as per decision of the standingCommittee of the Academic Council at its meeting held on 31-1-1986.

- Student will bring their own Calculators.
- Calcultors will not be provided either by the University or examination centres.
- Calculators with memory and following variables be permitted; +, sqare, reciprocal, expotential log, square root, trignometric functions viz. sine, cosine tangent etc. factorial summation, xy, yx and in the light of objectivge approval of merits and demerits of the viva only Will be allowed.

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Academic Year 2018-2019

M.A. PREVIOUS (Code-021) SOCIOLOGY

एम.ए.पूर्व समाजशास्त्र में निम्नलिखित पांच प्रश्न-पत्र होगे

む 申i 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Paper - III Paper - IV	प्रश्न-पत्र का नाम कोड Classical Sociological Tradition Methodology of Social Research Sociology of Change and Development Rural Society in India Urban Society in India	पूर्णाक (0323) (0324) (0325) (0326) (0327)	100 100 100 100

PAPER - I CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION

(Paper Code - 0323)

UNIT-1 Historical Socio- Economical background of the emergence of Sociology.

Traditional feudal economy and social structure.

Impact of Industrial revolution and of new mode of production on society and economy.

The emergence of capitalistic mode of production nature and features of capitalism.

August Comte positivism, Law of three stages, Hierarchy of Science.

UNIT-2 Karl Marx;

Marxian Dialectical materialism as a philosophical perspective of change and its laws Materialistic interpretation of history; As a perspective of explaning transformation of human society through different stages. Mode of Production and social structure.

Basic structure and super structure.

Concept of surplus value and exploitation.

Emergence of classes and class conflict.

Proletariat revolution and future of capitalism classless society.

Alienation in the capitalist society- Factors responsible for alienation and its

Views on political power. The state in relation to social classes.

Future of the state after proletariat revolution.

Marx and sociology of Knowledge.

UNIT-3 Emile Durkheim;

Intellectual background. His preoccupation with the order and disintegration of society. Social disintegration as a legacy of industrial revolution. Increasing division of labour in the capitalist.

Mechanical and organic solidarities. Explanantion of increasing divisioin of labour. Pathological forms of division of labour.

Theory of suicide; Review of earlier theories of suicide, Suicide rate.

Types of suicide, Problem of integration of the individual with society.

Theory of religion; Earlier theories of the emergence and role of religion, structure of religion, sacred and profane, source of sacredness of the sacred things as symbols of ultimate values. Society as a supreme God. Religious rituals-their types. Social role of religious beliefs and rituals.

Contribution to the methodology of sociology- Sociology as a science. Concept of social facts.

UNIT-4 Max Weber; - Intellectual background. Theory of social action. Types of social action.

Views on the role of ideas and values in social change with reference to the relationship

between protestant ethic and emergence of capitalism.

Theory of Authority Authority and power. Types of authority Theory of Bureaucracy. Capitalism and growing rationalism and emergence of modern bureaucracy.

Relationship between political leaders and bureaucracy.

Contribution to the methodology of social science. Concepts of Verstehen and ideal type.

UNIT-5 Vilfredo Pareto

Intellectual background

Contribution to the methodology - his logico-experimental method.

Classification of logical and non-logical actions.

Explanation of non-logical actions in terms of his theory of Residues and Derivatives. Classification of Residues and Derivations.

Theory of social change, Elites and masses. Types of elites, their classification, Circulation of Elites.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Parsons, Talcott: The structure of social action Vol. I & II, Mcgraw Hill, New Yark, 1937-1949.
- 2. Nisbet: The Sociological Tradition. Heinemann Educational Book Ltd. London, 1966.
- 3. Zeitlin, Irvin: Ideology and the Development Sociological theory, Prentice Hall, 1981.
- 4. Dahrendorf, Ralph: Class and class conflict in an Industrial Society, Stanford University Press 1959.
- 5. Bendix, Rinehard; Max Weber: An Intellectual portrait, Double Day, 1960.
- 6. Popper, Karl: Open Society and its Enemis, Routledge, London, 1945.
- 7. Aron, Reymond: Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I & II, Penguin, 1965-1967.
- 8. Coser, L.A.: Masters of Sociological thought, Harcourt Brace, New York 1977.
- 9. Giddens, Anthony: Capitalism and Modern Social theory An Analysis of writings of marx, Durkheim and Weber, Cambridge University Press, 1997.
- 10. Hughes John A.: Martin Peter, J. and Sharrock, W.W.: Understanding Classical Sociology- Marx Weber and Durkheim, Sage Publication, London, 1995.

PAPER -II

METHODOLOGY OF SOCIAL RESEARCH

(Paper Code - 0324)

UNIT-1 Philosophy of social science; Enlightenment, reason and science, Cartesian philosophy, structure of scientific revolution (Kulin). Positivism and its critique; contribution of Comte, Durkheim and popper positivism, Critique of positivism;

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5 .

Fayerband and Giddens

UNIT-2 Logic of Inquiry in social science research

Inductive and Deductive

Theory building Scientific method in social research

Objectivity/value neutrality. Hypothesis

UNIT-3 Quantitative methods and survey research;

Survey techniques. Limitations of survey. Operationalization and research design.

Sampling design. Questionnaire Construction, Interview schedule.

Measurement and scaling. Reliability and Validity.

UNIT-4 Qualitative Research Techniques.

Techniques and methods of qualitative research.

Participant observation ethnography, interview Guide.

Case study method. Content analysis. Oral history, narratives.

Life history, genealogy.

Encounters and experiences in field work.

Data processing.

Reliability and validity in qualitative research.

UNIT-5 Statistics in Social Research;

Measures of central tendency; Mean, Median, Mode.

Measures of Dispersion; Standard Deviation.

Correlational Analysis; Tests of Significance and covariance.

Social Research, Action Research, Participatory Research.

Ethical issues in Social Research.

BOOKS RECOMMANDED :

- 1. Barnes, John A.; Who Should know what ? Social Science, Privacy and Ethics, Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1979.
- Bose, Pradip Kumar, ; Research Methodology. ICSSR, New Delhi, 1995.
- 3. Bryman, Alan; Quality and Quantity in Social Research, Unwin Hyman, London, 1988.
- 4. D.A. De vaus : Surveys in Social Research, George Relen and Unwin, London, 1986.
- 5. Irvine, J., I. Miles and J. Erveans (Eds.); Demystifying Social Statistics, Pluto Press,
- Madge, John; The Origins of Scientific Sociology, Tavistock, London, 1970.
- Marsh, Catherine; Exploring Data, Polity Press, Cambridge, 1988.
- 8. Punch, Keith: Introduction to Sociol Research, Sage Publication, Londan, 1986.
- 9. Srinívas, M.N. and A.M. Shah: Field Worker and the Field, Oxford University Press,
- 10. Beteille A. and T.N. Madan: Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Field work, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1975.
- 11. Kuhn, T.S., The Structure of Scientific Revolutions, The University of Chicago Press,
- 12. Mukhergee, P.N. (ed.) : Methodology in Social Research ; Dilemmas and Perspectives, Sage, New Delhi, 2000.
- 13. Popper, K.: The Logic of Scientific Discovery, Routledge, London, 1999.
- 14. Shipman, Martin: The Limitations of Social Research, Longman, London, 1988.
- 15. Sjoberg, Gideon and Roger Nett: Methodology for social research, Rawat, Jaipur,
- Smelser, Neil J.: Comparative Methods in Social Science.

PAPER-III

SOCIOLOGY OF CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT

(Paper Code - 0325)

UNIT-1 Meaning and forms of social change; Evolution, Progress, transformations
Theories of social change; Linear, Cyclical
Factors of social change; Demographic economic, religious, infotech and media.

UNIT-2 Social Change in contemporary India; Trends of change, processes of change Sanskritization, Westernization, Modernization, Secularization.

Changing Conceptions of Development; Economic growth, human development,

social development; Sustainable development, the question of sustainability.

UNIT-3 Theories of Development and underdevelopment; modernization theories, centreperipheri, world systems, unequal exchange. Paths and Agencies of Development; Capitalist, socialist, mixed economy, Gandhian; state, market, non-governmental organizations.

UNIT-4 Social Structure and Development; structure as a facilitator/ inhibitor, development and socio-economic disparities, gender and development.

Culture and development; Culture as an aid, development and displacement of tradition.

UNIT-5 Indian Experience of development; sociological apprairal of Five-Year plans, social consequences of economic reforms, socio- cultural repercussions of globalization, social implications of info-tech revolution.

Formulating social policies and programmers; policy & project planning,

implementations.
BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Abraham, M.F.: Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction, OUP, New Delhi, 1990.
- Agarwal B.: A Field of One's Own: Gender and Land Rights in South Asia, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1994.
- Appadurai, Arjun: Modernity at Large: Cultural Dismensions of Globalization, OUP, New Delhi, 1997.
- 4. Dereze, Jean and Amartya Sen : India : Economic Development and Social . Opportunity, OUP, New Delhi, 1996.
- 5. Desai, A.R.: India's Path of Development: A Marxist Approach, Popular Prakashan Bombay, 1985.
- Giddens, Anthony: Introduction to Sociology IInd Ed., W.W. Norton & Co. New york, 1996.
- 7. Harrison D.: The Sociology of Modernization and Development, Sage, New Delhi, 1989.
- 8. Haq, Mahbub ul : Reflections on Human Development, OUP, New Delhi, 1991.
- 9. Moore, Wilbert and Robert Cook: Social Change, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1967.
- 10. Sharma S.L.: Development Socio-Cultural Dimensions, Rawat, Jaipur, 1986.
- 11. Srinivas, M.N.: Social Change in Modern India, University of Berkley, 1966.
- 12. Amin, Samir: Unequal Development OUP, New Delhi, 1979.
- 13. Giddens, Anthony: The Consequences of modernity, Polity Press, Combridge, 1990.
- 14. Kiely, Ray and Phil Marfleet (eds): Globalization and the third World, Routledge, London, 1998.

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15. UNDP: Human Development Report, Oxford University Press, New York, 1997.

16. UNDP: Sustainable Development, OUP, New York.

17. Wallerstein Imnanual: The Modern World System, OUP, New York, 1974.

18. World Bank: World Development Report, New York, 1995.

PAPER- IV RURAL SOCIETY IN INDIA

(Paper Code - 0326)

UNIT-1 Rural society in India as agrarian and peasant social structure. Basic characteristics of peasant and agrarian society.

UNIT-2 Family, caste, religions, habitat and settlement, in rural society in India. Debates of mode of productiion and agrarian relation-tenacy lands and labour.

UNIT-3 Agrarian legislation and rural social structure. Rural poverty, emigration, landless labour.

UNIT-4 Planned change for rural society.

Panchayati Raj Role of women in panchayati Raj. Rural development strategies (I R D P). Integrated Rural Development Programme.

UNIT-5 Major agrarian movements in India-a critical analysis.

Globalisation and its impact on agriculture.

Water and agriculture; Irrigation management practices.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Berch, Berberogue Ed : Class State and Development in India, sage, New Delhi,
- 2. Desai A.R.; Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1977.
- 3. Mencher J.P.: Social Anthropology of Peasanty Part III, OUP, 1983.
- 4. P. Radhakrishnan, : Peasant Struggles : Land Reforms and Social Change in malabar 1836-1982, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1989.
- Thorner, Daniel and Thorner Alice: Land and Labour in India, Asia Publications Bombay, 1962
- Andre Betille: Six Essays in Comparitive Sociology, OUP New Delhi, 1974.
- Dharagare D.N.: Peasant Movements in India, OUP New Delhi, 1988.
- 8. Ashish Nandy: Ambiguous Journey to the Ciry, New Delhi, OUP, 1999.

PAPER - V URBAN SOCIETY IN INDIA (Paper Code - 0327)

UNIT-I Classical sociological traditions as urban and city dimensions, Emile Durkahiem, Karl Marx, Max Weber and Tonnies.

Urban community and spatial dimensions. Park, Burgers and Mc Kenzie.

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- George Simmel: Metropolis, Louis Wirth Urbanism and Redfield Rural-Urban continum as cultural form.
- UNIT-II Urban sociology in India; Emerging trends in urbanisation, Factors of urbanisation, sociological dimentions of urbanisation, Social consequences of urbanisation.
- UNIT-III Classification of urban centres, cities and towns, City industrial urban-base, its growth and special features, Industry centered developments.
- UNIT-IV Changing occupational structure, and its impact on social stratification class, caste Gender, family Indian city and its growth, migration, problems of housing, slum development, urban environmental problems, urban poverty,
- UNIT-V Urban planning and problems of urban management of India. Urban institutions, Factors affecting planning, regional planning and the links between social and spatial theory.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. Quinn J.A., Urban Sociology, S Chand & Co., New Delhi 1955.
- 2. Pickwance C.G. (ed), Urban Sociology; Critical Essays, Methuen 1976.
- 3. Saunders peter, Social Theory and Urban Question, Hutuchionson 1981.
- 4. Bose Ashish, Studies in India urbanisation 1901-1971, Tata McGraw Hill 1978.
- 5. Abrahimson M., Urban Sociology, Englewood, Prentice Hall 1976.
- 6. Ronnan, Paddison, Handbook of Urban Studies, Sage: India 2001.
- 7. Bharadwaj, R.K.: Urban Development in India. National Publishing House 1974.
- 8. Gold, Harry, : Sociology of Urban life. Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliff 1982.
- 9. Colling Worth, J.b.: Problems of Urban Society VOL. 2 George and Unwin Ltd 1972.
- Alfred de Souza. The Indian City; Poverty, ecology and urban development Manchar, Delhi 1979.
- 11. Desai A.R. and Pillai S.D. (ed) Slums and Urbanisation, Popular Prakashan, Bombay 1970.
- 12. Castells M, : The Urban Question, Edward Arnold, London 1977.
- 13. Ramachandran R.; Urbanisation and Urban Systems in India, OUP, Delhi 1991.
- 14. Ellin Nan Post Modern Urbanisim, Oxford UK 1996.
- 15. Edward W. Soja, Post Metropolis; Critical Studies of cites and regions. Oxford Blakcwell 2000.
- 16. Fawa F. Sylvia, : New Urbanism in World Perspectives a Reader. T.Y. Cowell, New York 1968.

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एम.ए. अंतिम समाजशास्त्र

एम.ए. अंतिम समाजशास्त्र में निम्नलिखित पांच प्रश्न-पत्र होगे

É	1.	प्रश्न-पत्र Papar I	पश्न-पत्र का नाम कोड Theoritical Perspectives in sociology	पूर्णाक	
	2.	Papar II	Dana- Si Grapactives III Sociology	(0329)	100
	2		Perspectives on Indian Society	(0330)	100
	3	Papar III	Industry and Society in India.		
	4.	Papar IV	Criminology	(0332)	100
	5.	Papar V	Political Sociology.	(0333)	100
	· v		ociology.	(0334)	100

PAPER - I THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY (Paper Code - Code-0329)

UNIT-I Introduction

Nature of sociological theory- Levels of theorisation in sociology- Relationship Structural-Funtionalism

The idea of social structure: A.R. Radcliffe-Brown- The problems of role analysis S.F. Nadel- Functional dimensions of social system: T. Parsons - Codification, critique and reformulation of functional analysis: R.K. Merton - Neofunctionalism:

UNIT-II Conflict Theory

Marx critique and dialectics of conflict: R. Dahrendorf - Functional analysis of conflict L. Coser- Conflict and social change: R. Collins

Neo Marxism:

Structuralism Marxism: L. Althusser: Action Theory. Pareto, Max Weber and

UNIT-IV Interactionist perspective

Symbolic Interactionism: G.H. Mead and H. Blumer - Phenomenological Sociology : A. Schutz - Social construction of reality : P. Berger and T.G. Luckmann, Ethnomethodology : H. Garflinkel

UNIT-V Recent trends in sociological theorizing

Structuration: Anthony Giddens - Habitus and field: Bourdieu - Postmodernism-Focault and Botrilard

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

Alexander, Jaffery C., Twenty lectures: Sociological theory since world war II. New York, Columbia University Press 1987.

Bottmore, Tom.: The Frankfurt school, Chester, Sussex: Ellis Horwood and London:

3. Craib, Ian.: Modern social theory: From Parsons to Haberman (2nd edition). London

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- 4. Collins, randall, (Indian edition): Sociological theory, Jaipur and New Delhi. Rawat 1997.
- 5. Giddens, Anthony, : Central problems in social theory : Action, structure and contradiction in social analysis, London, Macmillan 1983.
- 6. Kuper, Adam.: Antrhopologists and anthropology: The British school, 1922-72 Harmondsworth, Middlesex: Penguin Books 1975.
- 7. Kuper, Adam and Jessica Kuper (eds.). (2nd edition): The social science encyclopaedia, London and New York: Routledge 1996
- 8. Ritzer, George. (3rd edition): Sociological theory, New York: Mc Graw-Hill 1992.
- 9. Sturrock, John (ed.): Structuralism and sinc: From Levi Strauss to Derida. Oxford: Oxford University Press 1979.
- Turner, Jonathan H. (4th edition): The Structure of sociological theory, Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat 1995.
- 11. Zeitlin, Irving M. (Indian edition): Rethinking sociology: A critique of contemporary theory, Jaipur and New Delhi: Rawat 1988.

PAPER - II PERSPECTIVES ON INDIAN SOCIETY (Paper Code - 0330)

THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES

- UNIT-I Indological/Textual (G.S. Ghure)
 - Conceptulizing Indian Society in terms of certain distinguishtive characteristics and configuration Dharma, Varna, Ashrama, Karma, Rhen and Purushartha.
- UNIT-II Synthesis of Textual and Field views (Irawati Karve, K.M. Kapadia)
 Linkage and Network building reasons group and community family, marriage,
- kinship system and Indian social organization.

 UNIT-III Structural functionalism (M.N. Srinivas, S.C. Dube)

 The village as a nucleus of Indian Society, Social Hierarchy, Caste System, Caste and Class in Contemporary India.
- UNIT-IV Civilizational View (N.K. Bose)

 The scal of magnitude of culture; religions, Institutionals and Linguistic, Diversity
 in India, Tradition and modernity as a continuty between past and present
- in India. Tradition and modernity as a continuty between past and present institutions.

 UNIT-V Subaltern perspectives (B.R. Ambedkar)
- Elites, Backward classes, Minorities and Tribes, Problems of Scheduled caste and scheduled tribe, Indian society and Legislation, Casteism, Untouchability communalism, Regionalism and National integration.
- **ESSENTIAL READINGS:**
- 1. DeSourza, P.R. ed. Contemporary India Transitions (New Delhi : Sage) 2000.
- 2. Dhanagare, D.N.: Themes and Perspectives in India Sociology (Jaipur Rawat) 1993.
- 3. Dube, S.C.: Social Sciences in a Changing Society (Lucknow University Press) 1973.
- 4. Dube, S.C.: The Indian Village (London: Routledge, 1955) 1967.
- 5. Durnont, Louis: Homo Hierarchicus: The Caste System and its implications (New Delhi:

Vikas) 1970.

- 6. Karve, Irawati: Hindu Society: An Interpretation (Poona: Deccan College) 1961.
- 7. Momin, A.R.: The Lagacy of G.S. Ghurye: A Centennial estschrift Popular Prakashan, Bombay) 1996.
- 8. Mukherjee: D.P.: Divesities People's Publishing House, Delhi 1958.
- 9. Oommen, T.K. and P.M. Mukherjee, eds.: Indian Sociology: Reflections and Introspections, Popular Prakashan, Bombay 1986.

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10. Singh, K.S.: The People of India: An Introduction, Seagull books, Calcutta 1992.

11. Singh, Y.: Indian Sociology: Social Conditioning and Emerging Concers, Delhi

12. Singh, Y.: Modernisation of Indian Tradition, Delhi, Thomson Press 1973.

13. Srinivas, M.N.: India's Villages Asia Publishing House, Bombay 1960.

14. Tylor, Stephen: India: An Anthropological Perspective.

15. Hardiman, David: Feeding the Bania: Peasants and Usurers in Western India Oxford

16. Hardiman, David: The coming of the Devi: Adivasi Assertion in Western India, Oxford

17. Lannoy, Richard: The Speaking Tree, A Study of Indian Culture and Society, London, Oxford University Press 1971.

18. Marriott, McKim: Indian through Hindu Categories Sage, Delhi 1990. 19. Mohan, McKim: India through Hindu Categories Sage, Delhi 1990.

20. Mohan, R.P. and A.S. Wilke, eds. : International Handbook of Contemporary Developments in Sociology London, Mansell 1994.

21. Singer, Milton and Bernard Cohn. eds. : Structure and Change in Indian Society, Chicago: Aldine Publishing Company 1968.

22. Singer, Milton: When A Great Tradition Modernizes, Delhi, Vikas 1972.

PAPER-III INDUSTRY AND SOCIETY IN INDIA (Paper Code - 0332)

COURSE OUTLINE :

UNIT-I Classical sociological tradition on industrial dimensions of society, Division of labour, Anomie, Bureaucracy, rationality, production relations surplus value and alienation, E, Durkiem KMarx and M Weber

UNIT-II Family, religion, stratification, habitat, settlement and environmental problems through industrialisation process.

UNIT-III Work, work process, technology and labour, work culture work ethics and human

The concept of organisation (formal and informal organisation) its structure and functions, personel management scope and function.

UNIT-IV Industrial relations, conflicts, causes and types Resolution of conflict, conciliation,

Trade union, their growth, functions and their role in industrial organistion. Participatory management - varieties of such management, Industrial community labour migration, Women and child labour, family, Industrial city, social and

environmental issues. BOOK RECOMMONDED:

- Zetlin Irwing, : Ideology and the development of Sociolical theory VOL 1 & VOL 2.
- Watson,k Tony, : Sociology work and industry, Routeledge Kegan, paul 1995. Ramaswamy E.A.: Industry and Labour OUP 1988.

Ramaswamy E.A.: Industrial relations in India, New Delhi 1978.

Karnik V B : Indian trade union, A survey, Popular Prakashan, Mumbai 1970.

Mamoria C B and Mamoria: Dynamics of Industrial Relation in India, Himalay Publishing House, Mumbai 1992.

Ramaswamy E.A.: The worker and his Union, Allied, New Delhi 1977.

8. Ramaswamy E.A.: The worker and Trade Union Allied, New Delhi 1977.

- 9. Agarwal R.D : Dynamics of Labour Relations in India, A book readings, Tata Mc Graw
- 10. Laxmanna, C et all : Workers Participation and industrial democracy. Global perspective Ajantha Publications 1990.

11. Philip Hancock, Melissa Taylor: Work Post Modernism and Organisation Sage India

12. Aziz Abdul: Labour problems or developing Economy Ashish publishing house 1984.

13. Miller and Form: Industrial Sociology, Harper and Row, New York 1964.

- 14. Parker S.R Brown K Chield and Smith, M.A.: The Sociology of Industry, George Allen
- 15. Gilbert S.J.: Fundamentals of Industrial Socilogy Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing co.

CRIMINOLOGY-IV

(Paper Code - 0333) UNIT-I Conceptual Approaches to Crime: legal, behavioral and sociological; deviance, crime and delinquency; types of crime - economic, violent, white-collar.

UNIT-II Perspectives on Crime Causation : classical, positivist, psychological, sociological, marxian, geographical; recent theoretical advances - the criminal personality, labelling theory

UNIT-III Changing Profile of Crime and Criminals : organized crimes, crimes against women and children, cyber crimes, corruption, changing socio-economic profile of criminals in contemporary India. Theories of punishment: retributive, deterrent, reformative, futility and cost of

UNIT-IV Correction and its Forms: meaning and significance of correction: forms of correction-prison-based, community-based Correctional Programmes in prisons: history of prison reforms in India, national policy on prisons: scientific classification of prisoners; modernization of prison industry and involvement of private sector; correctional programmes educational, vocational, psychiatric, meditation, recreation, etc. New Delhi Model

UNIT-V Problems of Correctional Administration: antiquated jail manual and prison act. overcrowding, custodial mindset: lack of inter-agency coordination among police, prosecution, judiciary and prison; human rights and prison management, limitations and prospects of correction. Alternatives to Imprisonment: probation, parole, open prisons, after-care and rehabilitation

BOOKS RECOMMONDED:

Bedi, Kiran It Is Always Possible. New Delhi: Sterling Publications Pvt. Ltd. 1998.

Gill, S.S.: The Pathology of Corruption. New Delhi: Harper Collins Publishers (India)

Goel, Rakesh M. and Manohar S. Powar, Computer Crime: Concept, Control and Prevention. Bombay: Sysman Computers Pvt. Ltd. 1994.

Lilly, J. Robert, Francis T, Wallen and Richard Ball A. Criminological Theory, Context and Consequences. New Delhi: Sage Publications 1995.

Makkar, S.P. Singh and Paul C. Friday, Global perspectives in Criminology, Jalandhar

Ministry of Home Affairs, Crime in India. New Delhi : Government of India 1998. 6.

Reid, Suetitus. Crime and Criminology, Ikkinayse: Deydan Press 1976.

Shankardas, Rani Dhavan, Punishment and the Prison: India and International Perspective. New Delhi : Sage Publications 2000.

Sutherland, Edwin H. and Konald R. Cressey. Principles of Criminology. Bombay: The

10. Walklete, Sandra, Understanding Criminology. Philadelphia: Open University Press

11. Williamsan, harald E. Criminological Theory. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall 1990.

12. Williamsan, Harald E. The Correction profession, New Delhi: Sage Publications 1990.

13. Bequai, August: Computer Crime. Tononto: Lesington Books 1978.

14. Buckland, John. Combating Computer Crime: Prevention, Detection and Investigation, New Delhi : McGraw Hill 1992.

15. Drapkin, Ismail and Viano, Emilio. Victimology: A New Focus. London, Lesington

16. Hallman, Taryl A. The Economics of Crime. New York: St. Martin's Press 1950.

17. Inciarti James A. and Pottieger Anne E. 1978. Violent Crime: Historical and Contemporary Issues. London: Sage Publications.

18. Ministry of Home Affairs. Report of the All India Committee on Jail Reforms. 1980-83, New Delhi: Government of India.

19. Pace, Denay F. Concept of Vice, Narcotics and Organised Crime. London Prentrice -

20. Revid, Jorathan. Economic Crime. London, Kegan Paul 1995.

21. Ryan, Ptrick J. and George Rush. Understanding Organized Crime in Global Perspective, London: Sage Publications 1997.

22. Weisburd, Dand and Kip Schlegal. White Collar Crime Reconsidered, Boston Northeastern University Press 1990.

PAPER -V POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY (Paper Code - 0334)

UNIT-I Definition and subject matter of Political Sociology, distinctive approach of Political Sociology, Interrelationship between political system and society. Democratic and totalitarian systems: socio-economic conditions conducive for their emergence and stability.

UNIT-II Political Culture: meaning and significance, political socialization-meaning, significance and agencies. Elite theories of distribution of power in society (with reference to Mosca, Pareto, R. Mitchels and C.W. Mills and Others)

Intellectuals: Political role of intellectuals - significance.

UNIT-III Pressure groups and interests groups - Nature, bases, political significance.Bureaucracy, its characteristics, its types, its significance in political development with special reference to India.

UNIT-IV Political Parties: Characteristics, social composition of parties, recruitment, mass participation, political apathy, its causes and consequences (with special

UNIT-V Political Process in India: Role of caste, Religion, Regionalism and language in

Public Opinion: Role of mass media, problems of communication in illiterate societies; its reference on parties and polity, politicization of social life. ESSENTIAL READINGS :

Dowse, R.E. & Hughes: Political Sociology, New York, Basic Book 1971.

- Horowitz, Irving L.: Foundation of Political Sociology, New York, Harper and Row
- Ruciman W.G.: Social Sciences and Political Theory, Cambridge University Press,

Eisenstadi, S.N. (ed.): Political Sociology, New York, Basic Book 1971.

Krrnhauser, W.: The Politics of Mass Society, Penguin 1971.

Kothari R.: Politics in India, Orient Longmans Ltd 1979.

Merton, R.K. (ed.): Reader in Bureaucracy: Gienco The Free Press1952. Key V.O.: Politics, Parties and Pressure Groups, Crowell, New York 1964.

Mills C.W. & Hans Gerth: Essays in Sociology, Oxford, New York 1946.

- 10. Samuel P., Huntington: Political Order in Changing Societies, Yale University Press,
- 11. Almond A. Gabriel et.al.: Crises, choice and change: Historical studies political
- 12. P. Blau: Bureaucracy in Modern Society: Random House, New York 1956. 13. Lipset S.M.: Political Man, H.E.B 1959.

14. William Riker et.al.: An Introduction to Positive Political Theory, Englewood Cliff

15. Robert Michels: Political Parties, Glencko Free Press 1949.

16. Benedict Anderson: Imagined Communities: Reflections on the origin spread of

17. Dipti Kumar Biswas : Political Sociology, Firma KLM Private, Calcutta 1989.

18. Rajani Kothari (ed.): Caste in Indian Politics: Orient Longmans Ltd 1973.

- 19. Barrington Moore Jr.: Political Power and Social Theory, Cambridge, Hall University
- 20. Mitra, Subratha K.: Power protest and participation: Local Elides and politics of

