SCHEME OF EXAMINATION &
SYLLABUS

of

M.Sc. (PHYSICS)

UNDER

FACULTY OF SCIENCE

Approved by Board of Studies in Physics

EFFECTIVE FROM JULY 2018



School of Studies in Physics & Astrophysics
Pt. Ravishankar Shukla University
Raipur (C.G.) 492010
PH: - 0771-2262864
WEBSITE: -www.prsu.ac.in

Approved by Board of Studies in Physics on 11, December 2017
PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY, RAIPUR

11/12/17 (23580) 2017 Charge James J



M. Sc. - PHYSICS

M.Sc. in Physics is a full time 2-year (4-semesters course). There will be four theory papers, and two laboratory courses/project in each semester. In each semester, there will be two internal examinations/assessments. Semester-wise course structure along with distribution of marks is given below:

Semester I

Name of the Paper						
	The	eory	Inte	rnal	T 4 1	Credits
172	Max	Min	Max	Min	Total	
1. Mathematical Physics	80	16	20	04	100	4
2. Classical Mechanics	80	16	20	04	100	4
3. Electrodynamics & Plasma Physics	80	16	20	04	100	4
4. Electronics	80	16	20	04	100	4
A : General & Optics		-			100	2
Laboratory Course I-B: Electronics		-			100	2
Total Marks					600	20

Total Marks for Semester I = 600 & Credit = 20

Semester II

Name of the Paper			M	larks			
	The	eory	Inte	rnal	Total	Credit	
	Max	Min	Max	Min			
Quantum Mechanics-I	80	16	20	04	100	4	
2. Statistical Mechanics	80	16	20	04	100	4	
3. Electronic & Photonic Devices and Optical Modulators	80	16	20	04	100	4	
4. Computational Physics & Computer Programming	80	16	20	04	100	4	
Laboratory Course II-A: Numerical Analysis & Computer Programming			-		100	2	
Laboratory Course II-B : Digital Electronics & Microprocessor	-		-		100	2	
Total Marks					600	20	

Total Marks for Semester II = 600 & Credit = 20

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Semester III

Cake Doner	-ftha Daner	Marks				
Name of the Paper	Theory		Internal		Total	Credits
	Max	Min	Max	Min	T Otal.	
	80	16	20	04	100	4
Quantum Mechanics-II	80	16	20	04	100	4
2. Atomic & Molecular Physics	80	16	20	04	100	4
3. Solid State Physics-I						
4. (A) Astronomy & Astrophysics-I (B) Electronics (Communication)-I (C) Physics of Nano-material-I	80	16	20	04	100	4
(D) Space Physics-Law		-		-	100	2
Laboratory Course III-A Materials Science & General Laboratory Course III-B: Astronomy & Astrophysics OR : Electronics (Communication) OR : Physics of Nano-material OR : Space Physics			2	-	100	
Total Marks					600	20

Total Marks for Semester III = 600 & Credit = 20

Semester IV

Name of the Paper		Marks					
Name of the Laper	The	Theory		Internal		Credits	
	Max	Min	Max	Min	Total		
a D L. Dhusias	80	16	20	04	100	4	
. Nuclear & Particle Physics	80	16	20	04	100	4	
2. Laser Physics and Applications	80	16	20	04	100	4	
3. Solid State Physics -II	00	-					
4. (A) Astronomy & Astrophysics-II (B) Electronics (Communication)-II (C) Physics of Nano-material-II (D) Space Physics-II	80	16	20	04	100	4	
		_		-	200	4	
Project Work					600	20	
Total Marks						1	

Total Marks for Semester IV = 600 & Credit = 20

In Each Semester

MAXIMUM MARKS	PASS PER		
TOTAL	TH.	PR.	
600	36	36	

In semester IV, Project work in Solid State Physics/ Astronomy & Astrophysics/ Electronics/ Physics of Nano-materials/ Space Physics will lead to specialization in the respective area. It will be primarily based on research oriented topics. On completion of the project, student will submit project report in the form of dissertation which will be examined by an external examiner. The examination of project work shall consist of (a) Presentation and (b) comprehensive viva-voce.

Marks-distribution for Laboratory Courses and Project Work:

(a) Laboratory courses (Semesters I-III):

Sessional : 20 Marks Viva : 20 Marks Experiment : 60 Marks

(b) Project Work (Semester IV):

Report – Dissertation : 60 Marks
Presentation : 100 Marks
Comprehensive viva-voce : 20 Marks
Internal assessment : 20 Marks

Note: Paper IV of both Semesters III and iV is a major elective course. Student has to opt for any one of the courses: (A) or (B) or (C) or (D). The commencement of any one of the major elective paper is subjected to the availability of basic infrastructural facilities viz. expert faculty, laboratory etc.

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Detailed Course Content

Semester - I

PAPER-I: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS

- Vector space and Matrices, Linear independence, Bases, dimensionality, Inner product, Linear transformation, matrices, Inverse, Orthogonal and Unitary Unit-I: matrices, Independent element of a matrix, Eigen values and eigen Vectors, Diagonalization, Complete orthonormal sets of functions.
- Unit-II: Complex Variables: Cauchy- Riemann condition, analytic functions, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy integral formula, Laurent series, singularities, residue theorem, contour integration, evaluation of definite integrals, problems.
- Unit-III: Differential equations, first order differential equation, second order differential equation with constant coefficients, second order linear ODEs with variable coefficients, Solution by series expansion, nonhomogenous differential equations and solution by the method of Green's functions.
- Unit-IV: Special functions, Legendre, Bessel, Hermite and Laguerre functions with their physical applications, generating functions, orthogonality conditions, recursion relations.
- Unit-V: Integral transforms, Fourier integral and transforms, inversion theorem, theorem. transform of derivatives, convolution Transform(LT), LT of Derivatives, Inverse LT, Fourier series; properties and Fourier applications, discrete Fourier transform.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Mathematical Methods for Physics, by G. Arfken.
- 2. Matrices and Tensors for Physicist, by A. W. Joshi.
- 3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by E. Kroyazig.
- 4. Special Functions, by E. B. Rainville.
- 5. Special Functions, by W.W. Bell.
- 6. Mathematical Method for Physicist and Engineers, by K. F. Relly, M. P. Hobson and S. J. Bence
- 7. Mathematics for Physicists, By Marry L. Boas.

Paper - II: CLASSICAL MECHANICS

- Preliminaries, Newtonian mechanics of one and many particle systems, Unit-I Conservation laws, Constraints & their classification, Principle of virtual work, Generalized coordinates, D'Alembert's principle and Lagrange's equations, Velocity-dependent potentials and dissipation function, Simple applications of the Lagrangian formulation, Hamilton's principle, Lagrange's equations from Hamilton's principle, Conservation theorems and Symmetry properties. Energy function and the conservation of energy.
- The Hamiltonian formulation of mechanics, Legendre transformations and the Unit-II Hamilton's equations of motion, Cyclic coordinates and Conservation Theorems, Hamilton's equations from Hamilton's principle, The principle of least action, Simple applications of the Hamiltonian formulation.
- Canonical transformations with examples, The harmonic oscillator, Poisson's Unit-III brackets, Equations of motion and conservation theorems in the Poisson Bracket formulation. Hamilton-Jacobi (HJ) theory: The HJ equation for Hamilton's principal function, Harmonic oscillator as an example of the HJ method, The HJ equation for Hamilton's characteristic function, The actionangle variables
- The Central force: Two-body central force problem and its reduction to the Unit –IV equivalent one-body problem, The equations of motion and first integrals, The equivalent one-dimensional problem and classification of orbits, The differential equation of the orbit, Closure and stability of orbits, The Kepler problem, Scattering in a central force field: Rutherford scattering.
- Unit V Rigid body dynamics, The Euler angles, Euler's theorem on the motion of a rigid body, Rate of change of a vector, The Coriolis force, Angular momentum and Kinetic energy of motion about a point, The Euler equations of motion of rigid bodies. Formulation of the problem of small oscillations, The eigen-value equation and the principal axis transformation, Frequencies of free vibration and normal coordinates, Free vibration of linear triatomic molecule.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS

11-12-17 (2)

- 1. Classical Mechanics, By N.C. Rana and P.S. Joag (Tata McGraw-Hill, 1991)
- 2. Classical Mechanics, by H.Goldstein (Addison Wesley, 1980)
- 3. Classical Mechanics, by H.Goldstein, C Poole & J Fafko (Pearson Education, Inc. 2002)
- 4. Mechanics, by A.Sommerfeld, (Academic press, 1952)
- 5. Introduction to Dynamics by Perceival and D.Richaeds(Cambridge University, press, 1982).

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Paper-III: ELECTRODYNAMICS & PLASMA PHYSICS

- Unit-I Maxwell's equations, vector and scalar potentials and the wave equation, Gauge transformations, Lorenz gauge, Coulomb gauge, Green function for the wave equation, four-vectors, mathematical properties of the space-time in special relativity, matrix representation of Lorentz transformation, covariance of electrodynamics, transformation of electromagnetic fields.
- Unit-II Radiation by moving charges, Lienard-Wiechert potential and fields for a point charge, total power radiated by an accelerated charge- Larmor's formula and its relativistic generalization, angular distribution of radiation emitted by an accelerated charge, radiation emitted by a charge in arbitrary extremely relativistic motion, distribution in frequency and angle of energy radiated by accelerated charge.
- Unit -III Bremsstralung: emission from single-speed electrons, thermal Bremsstralung emission and absorption, Synchrotron radiation: spectrum of synchrotron radiation, spectral index for power law electron distribution, transition from Cyclotron to Synchrotron emission, Cherenkov radiation
- Unit-IV Plasma: definition, Debye shielding phenomenon and criteria for plasma, motion of charged particles in electromagnetic field; Uniform E & B fields, Electric field drift, Non-uniform magnetostatic field, Gradient B drift, Parallel acceleration and magnetic mirror effect, Curvature drift, adiabatic invariants.
 - Unit-V Elementary concepts of plasma kinetic theory, the Boltzmann equation, the basic plasma phenomena, plasma oscillations. Fundamental equations of magnetohydrodynamics (MHD), Hydrodynamics Waves; Magneto sonic and Alfven waves, Magnetic viscosity and magnetic pressure, plasma confinement schemes.

REFERENCE BOOK:

- Jackson, classical electrodynamics.
- 2 Rybicki & Lightman: Radiative Processess in Astrophysics
- 2 Panofsky and Phillips: Classical electricity and magnetism.
- 3 Bittencourt, Plasma physics.
- 4 Chen: Plasma physics.

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Paper - IV: ELECTRONICS

- Unit-I Operational Amplifier- Basic Op.Amp. Differential amplifier, the emitter coupled Difference Ampl, Transfer characteristics of a Diff. Ampl., an example of an IC Op.-Amp., off set error voltage and currents, measurement of Op.-Amp. Parameters, frequency response of Op-amp.Linear analog systems: Basic Op.-Amp. Applications, Analog integration and differentiation, Electronic analog computation, Non-linear analog systems: Comparators, Waveform generators.
- Unit-II Combinational Logic –Basic logic gates: OR, AND and NOT gates, NOR and NAND gates, Boolean algebra, DeMorgan's theorems, exclusive OR gate, characteristics of logic families, saturated logic families: RTL, DCTL, non-saturated logic families: TTL and ECL, Unipolar logic families.
- Unit -III Sequential Logic, Flip-flops: RS Flip-flop, level clocking, Edge triggered Flip Flops, D Flip flops. JK Flip-flops, J.K.master slave Flip-flops, Registers: buffer, shift and control shift registers, counters: ripple synchronous & ring counters, tri-state registers, Buffer: controlled buffer Register, Bus organized structure, Latch, multiplexer, Demultiplexer, decoder, ALU Memories: RAM, ROM, PROM, EPROM, A/D and D/A converters.
- Unit-IV Microprocessors Building concept of microprocessors, developing inside of microprocessor, Instruction codes, Instruction Register, Introducing RESET Pin, Introducing on chip oscillator, Interfacing I/O devices, Introducing Interrupt lines: Stack, Push, Pop operation, delay in servicing interrupts, multiply interrupts, location for interrupts. Introducing slow and fast data transfer, Status of microprocessor, interrupt pins, General purpose Register, flag Register, Increment/decrement register. Features of 8085 microprossor. Pin diagram of 8085, block diagram of 8085. CPU of a microprocessor, timing and control, system timings and interrupt timings of 8085, registers in 8085, interfacing memory and I/O devices- a preliminary ideas. Number system, Floating Point notation.
- Unit V Instructions set of 8085, types of instructions- Data transfer group, Arithmetic logic, branch group, stack I/O machine control group, addressing mode of Intel 8085, examples of Assembly language programs of 8085, summing of two 8-bit numbers to result a 16-bit number, summing two 16-bit number, multiplying two 8-bit number to result a 16-bit product, block transfer of data from one memory block to other, BCD to hexadecimal data, finding the largest number in a series.

Text and reference books

- 1. Integrated Electronics: J.Millman R.C.C.Halkias.
- 2. Electronics devices and circuit theory, by Robert Boylested and Louis Nashdaky PHI, New Delhi-110001, 1991.
- 3. Operational amplifier linear integrated circuits, by Romakanth A. Gayakwad PHI, second edition 1991.
- 4. Digital computer electronics- An introduction to microcomputers-A.P.Malvino.
- 5. Digital finances and applications, by A.P. Malvino and Donald P.Leach, Tata

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McGraw Hill company, New Delhi 1993.

- 6. Microprocessor architecture, programming applications with 8085/8086 by Ramesh S.Gaonkar, Willey-Eastern limited 1987.
- 7. Introduction to microprocessors A.P.Mathur (Tata McGraw).
- 8. Microprocessors-Theory and applications- M. Hafiquizzaman (Prentice hall).
- 9. Microprocessors fundamentals- Schanmi Outling Service Author Pocer L.Tokheim.
- 10. Integrated circuits : K KBotkar(Khanna publications)
- 11. Digital Electronics : R P Jain (Tata McGraw Hill)
- 12. Microprocesss: B Ram
- 13. 8-bit microprocessor : V.J.Vibhute & P.B. Borole(Tecn-Max Publication, Pune)

Laboratory Course

Lab I-A: General & Optics (Any ten)

- 1. Determination of band gap of semiconductor by four prob method.
- 2. Measurement of Hall Coefficient of given semiconductor: identification of type of semiconductor and estimation of charge carrier concentration.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of mercury light by constant deviation spectrometer using Hartmann formula.
- 4. Ultrasonic velocity in a liquid as a function of temperature using ultrasonic interferometer.
- 5. Experiment on transmission line (A) Determination of characteristics impedance, (B) Study of voltage distribution.
- 6. Determination of the Curie temperature of ferromagnetic material.
- 7. Determination of forbidden gap of a diode by plotting reverse saturation current as a function of temperature.
- 8. Determination of operating voltage and study the characteristics of a GM tube.
- 9. Determination of operating voltage of a GM tube and determine the linear absorption coefficient.
- 10. Determination of operating voltage of a GM tube and verify inverse-square law.
- 11. Determination of short half life of a given source which can be obtained from a mini generator or produced with a neutron source by activation.
- 12. X-ray diffraction by Telexometer.
- 13. Determination of ionization potential of Lithium/Mercury.
- 14. Determination of e/m of electron by Normal Zeeman Effect using Febry -Perot Etalon.
- 15. Determination of Dissociation energy of iodine (I₂) Molecule by photography, the absorption bands of I₂ in the visible region.
- 16. Measurement of wavelength of He-Ne Laser light using a ruler and thickness of thin wire by the laser.
- 17. To study Faraday Effect using He-Ne Laser.

Lab I-B: Electronics (Any ten)

- 1. Design & Study of Regulated Power supply.
- 2. Study of Transistor Amplifiers in CE, CB, and CC modes.
- 3. Study of Transistor Bias Stability.
- 4. Study of Astable, Monostable and Bistable Multivibrator.
- 5. Study of Silicon Controlled Rectifier.
- 6. Experiment of Uni Junction Transistor and its application.
- 7. Experiment of FET and MOSFET characterization and application as an amplifier.
- 8. Study of Differential. Amplifier.
- 9. Basic Logic gates and verification of their Truth- Tables.
- 10. Combinational logic gates and verification of De-Morgan's Theorem.
- 11. Study of Basic Operational Amplifier (741).
- 12. Study of Opto- Electronics Devices.

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Semester - II

PAPER - I : QUANTUM MECHANICS-I

- Unit I Inadequacy of classical mechanics, Plank quantum hypothesis and radiation law, Photoelectric effect, de-broglie's theory. Schrödinger equation, continuity equation, Ehrenfest theorem, admissible wave functions, general formalism of wave mechanics, representation of states and dynamical variables, stationary states, one-dimensional problems; walls and barriers, Schrödinger equation for harmonic oscillator and its solution.
- Unit –II Superposition principle, uncertainty relations, states with minimum uncertainty product, commutation relationship, completeness and normalization of eigen functions, Dirac-delta function, Bra & Ket notation, matrix representation of an operator, harmonic oscillator and its solution by matrix method, Heisenberg equation of motion.
- Unit -III Angular momentum in quantum mechanics, commutation relationships, eigen values, Spin angular momentum, Pauli's matrices, addition of angular momentum, Clebsch-Gordon coefficients.
- Unit IV Central force problem, spherically symmetric potentials in three dimensions, separation of wave equation, parity, three-dimensional square-well potential and energy levels, the hydrogen atom; solution of the radial equation, energy levels and stationery state wave functions, discussion of bound states, degeneracy.
- Unit –V Time- independent perturbation theory, non-degenerate case, first order and second perturbations with the example of an oscillator, degenerate cases, removal of degeneracy in second order, Zeeman effect without electron spin, first-order Stark effect in hydrogen, perturbed energy levels, correct eigen function, occurrence of permanent electric dipole moments.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. L.I. Schiff: quantum mechanics (McGraw-Hill).
- 2. S.Gasiorowicz, Quantum Physics (Wiley).
- 3. Landau and Lifshitz: Non-relativistic quantum mechanics.
- 4. B.Craseman and Z.D.Powell: quantum mechanics (Addison Wesley)
- 5. A.P. Messiah: Quantum Mechanics.
- 6. J.J. Sakurai: Modern Quantum Mechanics.
- 7. Mathews and Venkatesan: Quantum Mechanics.

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PAPER - II: STATISTICAL MECHANICS

- Unit-I Foundation of statistical mechanics: macroscopic and microscopic states, contact between statistics and thermodynamics, physical significance of $\Omega(N, V, E)$, the classical gas, entropy of mixing and Gibb's paradox, phase space of classical system, Liouville's theorem and its consequences, quantum states and phase space.
- Unit-II Elements of ensemble theory A system in microcanonical, canonical, and grand canonical ensembles, partition functions, physical significance of statistical quantities, example of classical system, energy and energy-density fluctuations and mutual correspondence of various ensembles.
- Unit -III Formulation of quantum statistics Quantum mechanical ensemble theory, density matrix, statistics of various quantum mechanical ensembles, system composed of indistinguishable particles.

 Theory of simple gases –Ideal gas in various quantum mechanical ensemble, Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac distributions, statistics of occupation number.
- Unit IV Ideal Bose and Fermi gases -Thermodynamic behavior of an ideal Bose gas, Bose-Einstein condensation and, elementary excitations in liquid helium II, Thermodynamic behavior of an ideal Fermi gas, the electron gas, nonrelativistic and relativistic degenerate electron gas, theory of white dwarf stars.
- Unit -V Statistical Mechanics of interacting systems the method of cluster expansion for a classical gas, Virial expansion of the equation of state. Theory of phase transition general remark on the problem of condensation, Fluctuations: thermodynamic fluctuations, Spatial correlation in a fluid Brownian motion: Einstein Smoluchowski theory of Brownian motion.

TEXT & REFERENCE BOOKS -

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- 1. R. K. Pathria, Statistical Mechanics (Pergamon Press).
- 2. L. D. Landau & E. M. Lifshitz (Butter worth and Heinemann Press).
- 3. Federick Reif, Fundamental of statistical and thermal physics (McGraw-Hill publishers).
- 4. Kerson Huang, Statistical Mechanics (Wiley Eastern).

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PAPER -III: ELECTRONIC & PHOTONIC DEVICES AND OPTICAL MODULATORS

- Unit I: Special Bipolar devices: Thyristors- the four-layer diodes and their basic characteristics, Shockley diode, three terminal thyristor, Diac & Triac, SCR, UJT, Field controlled Thyristors.
- Unit- II: Unipotar Devices: JFET, MESFET and MOSFET, basic structure, working and device I-V characteristics, small signal equivalent circuit for Microwave performance Introduction to MIS and MOS diodes, charge coupled devices (CCDs), basic structure and working principle, MOSFET-basic device characteristics, types of MOSFET.
- Unit-III: Special Microwave Devices: Tunnel diode and backward diode- basic device characteristics, IMPATT diodes and their static and dynamic characteristics, Transfer electron devices- transferred electron effect, Gunn diodes.
- Unit-IV: Photonic Devices: Radiative transitions, LEDs, Visible and infrared SC lasers; Photo detectors; Photo conductor, & Photodiode, Solar cells, Solar radiation and ideal conversion efficiency, p-n junction solar cells, Hetero junction. Interface thin film solar cells.
- Unit -V: Optical Modulators and Display Devices :Modulation of light- Birefringence, Optical activity, Electro-optic, Magneto-optic and Acoustic- optic effects, Materials exhibiting these properties, Non-linear optics.Display devices: Luminescence, Photo-luminescence, Electro-luminescence, Liquid crystal displays, Numeric displays.

TEXT & REFERENCE BOOKS-

- 1. Semiconductor Devices Physics and Technology, by S M Sze , Wiley (1985)
- 2. Introduction to semiconductor device, M.S. Tyasi, John Wiley and sons
- 3. Measurement, Instrumentation and experimental design in physics and engineering by M.Sayer and A.Mansingh, Prentice Hall India 2000
- 4. Optical electronics by Ajay Ghatak and K.Thyagarajah, Cam.Univ. Press.
- 5. Opto electronics An introduction: J.Wilson and JFB Hawkes (Eastern Economy Edition).
- 6. Optical Communications: J.H. Franz and V.K. Jain (Narosa).

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PAPER - IV: COMPUTATIONAL METHODS AND PROGRAMMING

- Unit –I Methods for determination of zeroes of linear and nonlinear algebraic equations and transcendental equations, convergence of solutions. Solution of simultaneous linear equations, Gaussian elimination, pivoting, iterative method, matrix inversion.
- Unit –II Finite differences, interpolation with equally spaced and unevenly spaced points, curve fitting, polynomial least squares and cubic spline fitting. Numerical differentiation and integration, Newton-Cotes formulae, error estimates, Gauss method.
- Unit –III Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations, Euler and Runga-Kutta methods, predictor-corrector method, elementary ideas of solutions of partial differential equations.
- Unit- IV Elementary information about digital computer principles, compilers, interpreters and operating systems (Windows/Linux) Fortran programming, flow charts, integers and floating point arithmetic, expressions, built in functions.
- Unit-V Executable and non-executable statements, assignments, control and input-output statements, subroutines and functions; The statement functions, main features of functions and subroutines ,subprogram, function subprogram, overall structure of FORTRAN programe, external statement, subroutine subprogram ,common statement, equivalence statement, operations with files-open and close statement, Format statements, field specifications.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Sastry: Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis.
- 2. Rajaraman: Numerical Analysis.
- 3. Antia: Numerical methods.
- 4. Raja Raman: FORTRAN programming.

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Laboratory Course

LabII-A: Numerical Analysis & Computer Programming (Any ten)

- 1. To solve simultaneous Linear equation by Gauss Elimination method.
- 2. To calculate the root of a transcendental equation by Newton Raphsons method.
- 3. Solving the system of linear simultaneous equation by Gauss Serdel method.
- 4. Numerical Integration by Simpson's 1/3 Rule.
- 5. Solving simultaneous Linear equation by Gauss-Jordon method.
- 6. Solution of Differential equation by Euler's Method.
- 7. To invert a given matrix by Gauss-Jordon Method.
- 8. Solution of Differential equation by Runga Kutte Method.
- 9. To fit the given data in a straight line by linear regression Method.
 - a) WAP to find the Largest of n number of series.
 - b) To calculate the standard deviation of a given set of data.
- 10. To write a program to compute the complex roots of a given polynomial of Nth degree by Grafffe's Method.
- 11. To write a program to compute the Eigen values of a given matrix.
- 12. To integrate a given function by: (a) Trapezoidal method or by (b) Gauss Quadrature.
- 13. To find solutions of 1st order, ordinary differential equation by Taylor method

Lab II-B: Digital Electronics & Microprocessor (Any ten)

- 1. Study of R-S, D/T, J-K Flip-Flops.
- 2. Study of counters: Ripple, Mode 3, Mode 5 counters.
- 3. Study of Shift Register. -
- 4. Study of R-2R D/A Converter.
- 5. Study of Random Access Memory (RAM) Read Only Memory. (ROM)
- 6. Study of A/D Converter.
- 7. Experiment with Microprocessor:- I
 - (a) Convert BCD in to HEXADECIMPL
 - (b) To transfer group of date blocks from one location to another location.
- 8. Experiment with microprocessor: II
 - (a) To write programs for addition of two 1 byte data giving results of 2 bytes.
 - (b) To write programs for multiplication of two! byte data giving results of 2 bytes.
- 9. (a) To add 2 16-BIT numbers stored in locations from x x x x to x x x x + 3 and add them store the results from x x x x + 4 to x x x x+6 memory location
 - (b) To find the largest of n numbers of a series.
- 10. To arrange N numbers in an ascending orders.
- 11. Experiments with Microprocessor.
 - (a) Convert BCD in to binary and vice-versa.
 - (b) To transfer group of data blocks from one location to another location.
 - (c) To write programs for addition of two 1byte data giving result of 2byte data
 - (d) To write programs for multiplication of two 1 byte data giving result of 2byte data.
- 12. Logic gate study DTL and RTL.
- 13. Study of adder/Subractor.

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Semester - III

PAPER -I: QUANTUM MECHANICS -II

- Unit-I Variational method, expectation value of energy, application to excited states, ground state of He-atom, Zero point energy of one dimensional harmonic oscillator, Vander-waals interaction, the W.K.B. approximation, approximate solutions, asymptotic nature of the solution, solution near turning point, connection formulae, energy levels of a potential well and quantization rule.
- Unit -II

 Theory of scattering: differential and total scattering cross section, wave mechanical picture of scattering & the scattering amplitude, Green's functions and formal expression for scattering amplitude, The Born approximation and its validity, Partial wave analysis, asymptomatic behavior of partial waves and phase shifts, optical theorem, scattering by a square well potential, scattering by a hard sphere, scattering by a Coulomb potential..
- Unit III Time-dependent perturbation theory, first order perturbation, Harmonic perturbation, Fermi's Golden rule, Ionization of a H-atom, absorption and induced emission, Selection rules. Identical particles, symmetric and anti symmetric wave functions
- Unit –IV Relativistic quantum mechanics, formulation of relativistic quantum theory, the Klein-Gordon equation; plane wave solutions, charge and current densities, The Dirac equation for a free particle, matrices alpha and beta, Lorentz covariance of the Dirac equation, free particle solutions and the energy spectrum, charge and current densities.
- Unit-V The spin of the Dirac particle, Dirac particle in electromagnetic fields and the significance of the negative energy state, Dirac equation for a central field: Spin angular momentum, approximate reduction, spin –orbit energy, separation of equation, the hydrogen atom, classification of energy levels and negative energy states.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS -

- 1. L.I. Schiff: Quantum Mechanics (McGraw-Hill).
- 2. S.Gasiorowicz: Quantum Physics (Wiley).
- 3. Landau and Lifshitz: Quantum Mechanics.
- 4. B.Craseman and Z.D.Powell: Quantum Mechanics (Addison Wesley)
- 5. A.P. Messiah: Quantum Mechanics.
- 6. J.J. Sakurai: Modern Quantum Mechanics.
- 7. Mathews and Venkatesan: Quantum Mechanics.
- 8. Bjorken and Drell: Relativstic Quantum Mechanics.

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PAPER -II: ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR PHYSICS

- Unit-I: Quantum states of one electron atoms-atomic orbitals, Hydrogen spectrum, spin-orbit(l-s) interaction energy, fine structure of hydrogen spectrum including l-s interaction and relativistic correction, spectra of alkali elements, fine structure in alkali spectra, penetrating and non-penetrating orbits, intensity rules.
- Unit-II: Pauli's principle, equivalent and non-equivalent electrons, ground state(basic level of different elements), two electron systems, interaction energy in L-S. and J-J. Coupling, Hyperfine structure, line broadening mechanisms (general ideas).
- Unit-III: Normal and anomalous Zeeman effect, early discoveries and developments, vector models of one electron system in a weak magnetic field, magnetic moment of a bound electron, magnetic interaction energy, selection rules, intensity rules, Paschen-Back(PB) effect principal series effect, Zeeman and PB effects in hydrogen, Stark effect- discovery, Stark effect in Hydrogen, orbital model, weak and strong effect in Hydrogen.
- Unit-IV: Types of molecules: linear and diatomic molecules, symmetric top, asymmetric top and spherical top molecules. Rotational spectra of diatomic molecules: rigid rotator model, energy levels, spectrum, comparison with observed spectrum and non-rigid rotator model, Intensities of spectral lines, microwave spectrometer, Raman spectrum; classical and quantum theory of Raman Effect, pure rotational Raman spectrum.
- Unit-V: Vibrational spectra of diatomic molecules: simple harmonic model, energy levels and spectrum, comparison with observed spectrum and anhormonic model, Vibrating rotators, Interaction of rotations and vibrations, fine structures and P-Q-R branches, IR spectrometer, Vibrational Raman spectrum, Vibrational rotational Raman spectrum.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Introduction to atomic spectra H.E. White (T).
- 2. Fundamentals of molecular spectroscopy C.N. Banwell and E.M McCash (T).
- 3. Spectroscopy vol. I, II and III Walker and straughner.
- 4. Introduction to Molecular spectroscopy G.M. Barrow.
- 5. Spectra of diatomic molecules Herzberg.
- 6. Molecular spectroscopy Jeanne L.Mc-Hale.
- 7. Molecular spectroscopy J.M. Brown.
- 8. Spectra of atoms and molecules -P.F.Bemath.

9. Modern spectroscopy, J.M. Hollas.

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PAPER - III: SOLID STATE PHYSICS-I

Unit- I: Electrons in Solids and Electronic Properties

Energy bands: nearly free electron model, origin of energy gap and its magnitude, Bloch function, Kronig-Penny model, Wave equation of electron in periodic potential, restatement of Bloch theorem, crystal moment of an electron, solution of Central equation, Kronig-Penny model in reciprocal space, empty lattice Approximation, approximate solution near zone boundary, Number of orbitals in a band, metals and insulators.

Unit -II: Fermi surfaces and metals

Effect of temperature on F-D distribution, free electron gas in three dimension. Different zone schemes, reduced and periodic zones, construction of Fermi surfaces, nearly free electrons, electron, hole, open orbits, Calculation of energy bands, Tight binding, Wigner-Seitz, cohesive energy, pseudo potential methods. Experimental methods in Fermi surface studies, quantization of orbits in a magnetic field, de Haas van Alphen Effect, External orbits, Fermi surface of copper.

Unit- III: Crystal vibration and thermal properties

Lattice dynamics in monoatomic and diatomic lattice: two atoms per primitive basis, optical and acoustic modes, quantization of elastic waves, phonon momentum, inelastic neutron scattering by phonons, Anharmonic crystal interactions-thermal expansion, thermal conductivity, thermal resistivity of phonon gas, umklapp processes, imperfections.

Unit –IV: Electron-Phonon interaction- superconductivity

Experimental survey: occurrence of superconductivity, Destruction of superconductivity by magnetic field, Meissner effect, heat capacity, energy gap, MW, and IR properties, isotope effect. Theoretical survey: thermodynamics of superconducting transition, London equation, Coherence length, Cooper pairing due to phonons, BCS theory of superconductivity, BCS ground state, flux quantization of superconducting ring, duration of persistent currents, Type II superconductors, Vortex states, estimation of Hc1 and Hc2, single particle and Josephson superconductor tunneling, DC/AC Josephson effect, Macroscopic quantum interference. High temperature superconductors, critical fields and currents, Hall number, fullerenes ring.

Unit – V: Semiconductor crystals

Band gap, equation of motion, physical derivation of equation of motion, holes, effective mass, physical interpretation of effective mass, effective masses of semiconductors Si and Ge, intrinsic carrier concentration, intrinsic mobility, impurity conductivity, donor and acceptor states, thermal ionization of donors and acceptors, thermo-electric effects.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. C. Kittel: Introduction to Solid State Physics (Wiley and Sons).
- 2. J.M.Ziman: Principles of theory of solids (Cambridge Univ. Press).
- 3. Azaroff: X-ray crystallography.
- 4. Weertman and weertman: Elementary Dislocation Theory
- 5. Verma and Srivastava: Crystallography for Solid State Physics.
- 6. Azeroff and Buerger: The Power Method.
- 7. Buerger: Crystal Structure Analysis.

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- 8. Thomas: Transmission Electron Microscopy.
- 9. Omar: Elementary solid state physics.
- 10. Ashcroft and Mermin: Solid State Physics.
- 11. Chalking and Lubensky: Principles of Condensed Matter Physics.
- 12. Madelung: Introduction to solid state theory.
- 13. Callaway: Quantum theory of solid state physics.
- 14. Huang: Theoretical Solid State Physics.
- 15. Kittel: Quantum theory of solids.

PAPER-IV (A): ASTRONOMY AND ASTROPHYSICS-I

- Stars-apparent magnitudes, Colour index, Spectral classification, Stellar distances, Absolute magnitude, The H-R diagram of stars. Stellar interiors: The basic equations of stellar structure, Hydrostatic equilibrium, Thermal equilibrium, Virial Theorem, Energy sources, Energy transport by radiation and convection, Equation of state
- Unit-II Formation and evolution of stars: Inter stellar dust and gas, Formation of protostars, Pre-main sequence evolution, Post main sequence evolution and Evolution on the main sequence for low and high mass stars, Late stages of evolution, Fate of massive stars, Supernovae and its characteristics.
- Unit-III End states of stars, Electron degeneracy pressure, White dwarfs, and Chandrasekhar limit, Neutron stars and Pulsars, Black holes. Binary stars and their classification, close binaries, Roche Lobes, Evolution of semidetached systems: Algols, Cataclysmic variables and X-ray binaries.
- Unit- IV Solar Physics: Physical Characteristics of sun, Photosphere: Limb darkening, Granulation, Faculae, Solar Chromosphere and Corona, Prominences, Solar Cycle and Sunspots, Solar Magnetic Fields, Theory of Sunspots, Solar flares, solar wind, Helioseismology.
- Unit V Observational and Conceptual foundations of Newtonian gravity and General Theory of Relativity(GR), Principle of Equivalence, Metric tensor, Covariant differentiation, Riemann curvature tensor, Geodesics. Einstein's field equations, Observational test of General Relativity, Precession of Perihelion, Gravitational red-shift and bending of light, Gravitational Wave.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Astrophysics for Physicists, Arnab Rai Choudhuri, Camb. University Press, 2010.
- 2. Modern Astrophysics, B.W. Carroll and D.A. Ostlie, Addison-Wealey Pub. Co.
- 3. Introductory Astronomy and Astrophysics, M.Zeilik and S.A. Gregory, 4th edition, Saunders college publishing.
- 4. The Physical Universe: An introduction to astronomy, F.Shu, Mill valley : University science books.
- 5. Textbook of astronomy and astrophysics with elements of cosmology, V.B.Bhatia, Pb -New Delhi, Narosa publishing house.

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6. The new cosmos, A.Unsold and B.Baschek, Newyork, Springer Velas.

7. Theoretical Astrophysics, vol. I: Astrophysical processes T.Padmanabhan, Cambridge university press.

8. General relativity and cosmology, J.V. Narlikar-Delhi: Macmillan Company of India ltd.

9. Theoretical Astrophysics, vol. – II: Stars and stellar systems, T. Padmanabhan, Cambridge university press.

10. General relativity, I.R. Kenyon, Oxford univ. press.

11. Classical theory of fields, vol. 2, L.D. Landau and E.M. Lifshitz, Oxford: Pergamon press.

12. First course general relativity, B.P. Schutz - Cambridge univ. press.

Paper - IV (B) ELECTRONICS (Communication)-I

Unit I Microwave devices

Klystron ,magnetron & traveling wave tubes ,velocity modulation ,basic principal of two cavity klystrons & relex klystrons ,principle of operation of magnetrons ,helix traveling wave tubes .

Unit II Microwave wave guides & components

(Wave modes) rectangular wave guides: solution of wave equation in rectangular coordinates, TE modes in rectangular wave guides, TM modes in rectangular wave guides, excitations of modes in rectangular wave guides.

Circular wave guides :solutions of wave equation in Cylindrical coordinates, TE modes in Circular wave guides ,TM modes in Circular wave guides , TEM modes in Circular wave guides, excitations of modes in Circular wave guides .

Unit-III Microwave cavites: rectangular cavity resonator, circular –cavity resonator &semi –circular –cavity resonators Q- factor of a cavity resonator.

Transferred Electrons devices (TEDs)

Gunn effect diodes, principle of operation, modes of operations, read diodes, IMPATT diodes, TRAPATT diodes.

Microwave communications: advantages of microwave transmission, loss in free space, propagation of microwave, components of antennas used in MW communication system.

Unit-IV Radar system:

Radar block diagram & operation ,radar frequencies ,pulse consideration, radar range equation ,derivation of radar range equation ,minimum detectable single receiver noise ,signal to noise ratio ,integration of radar pulses ,radar cross sections ,pulse reflections frequency ,antenna ,parameters ,systems losses & propagation losses ,radars transmitters receivers ,antennas displays

Unit V Satellite communication

Orbital Satellite, geostationary satellite ,orbital patterns ,look angles ,orbital spacing , satellite system ,link produles

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REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1) "Microwaves" by K.L. Gupta Wiley Estern Ltd. Delhi.
- 2) Advanced Electronic communication system by Wayne Tomsi Physics education.
- 3) Principle of communication of system-by Toub & Schilling: 2nd ed. TMH 1994
- 4) Communication system: by Siman Haykin, 3rd ed. John wiley & sons inc.1994.
- 5) Microwave devices & circuits by : Samuel, Y. Liau.
- 6) Electronic communication: George kennedy.

Paper IV (C) PHYSICS OF NANO MATERIALS - I

Unit I: Nano Materials

Properties of Nano-Particles: Metal nano-clusters, theoretical modeling of nanoparticles, geometric and electronic structure, magnetic clusters, Semiconductor nanoparticles, optical properties, rare gas and molecular clusters, Bulk nano-structured materials: Solid disordered nanostructures, methods of synthesis, properties, nano-cluster composite glasses, porous silicon, nano structured crystals.

UNIT II: Carbon Nano Tubes (CNTs)

Nature of carbon bonds, different allotropies of carbon, structure and properties of C₆₀, graphene, carbon nanotubes and its types, laser vaporization techniques, arc discharge method and chemical deposition technique, purification techniques, Properties of Carbon Nanotubes and Graphene: Optical, electrical, electronic, mechanical, thermal, optical, and vibrational properties.

UNIT III: Synthesis of Nano- Materials

Top-down & Bottom-up approaches: Formation of nanostructures by mechanical milling (ball milling) and mechanical attrition, Chemical Vapor Deposition (CVD), Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD), thermal and e beam evaporation, Pulsed Laser Ablation

Chemical Routes for synthesis of Nanomaterials: Chemical precipitation and coprecipitation, chemical bath deposition (CBD), Sol-gel synthesis, Microemulsions or reverse micelles, Solvothermal synthesis, Thermolysis routes and spray pyrolysis.

UNIT IV: Characterization of Nano-materials (a)

X-ray Diffraction (XRD), powder and single crystal Diffraction, X-ray fluorescence (XRF), X ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS), Energy Dispersive X-ray analysis (EDAX), Extended X ray absorption and fluorescence spectroscopy (EXAFS), Dispersive high pressure XRD and Diamond anvil cells (DAC).

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) and Raman spectroscopy: description and analysis. Surface analysis methods: Secondary ion mass spectroscopy (SIMS), Auger Electron Spectroscopy, ESCA, Deep Level Transient Spectroscopy (DL TS), Thermo Gravimetric Analysis (TGA), Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC), Differential Thermal Analysis.

UNIT V: Characterization of Nano-materials (b)

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Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM), Contact and non contact Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM), Magnetic Force Microscopy (MFM), Nano indentation. Scanning Electron Microscopy

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(SEM), Transmission electron microscopy (TEM), High resolution TEM Field emission SEM, Electron Energy Loss Spectroscopy (EELS).

Spectrophotometry: UV-Vis spectrophotometers, IR spectrophotometers, Fourier Transform Infrared Radiation (FTIR), Photoluminescence (PL), electroluminesce and thermoluminescence spectroscopy, Near-field Scanning Optical Microscopy (NSOM).

References: Books/ Research Monographs

- Nano materials: Synthesis properties ,characterization and application: A.S Edelstein and R.C Cammaratra
- 2. Introduction to Nanotechnology: Charles P. Poole Jr and Franks J. Owens
- 3. Nanotechnology, Kohlr, Michael.
- Nanoelectronics and Nanosystems , Karl Goser, Peter Glosekotter, Jan Dienstuhl., Springer, 2004
- 5. Handbook of Analytical instruments, R.S. Khandpur
- 6. X-ray diffraction procedures, H. P. Klung and L.E. Alexander
- 7. The Powder Method IV. Azaroff and M. J. Buerger
- 8. Elements of X-ray diffraction, B. D.Cullity
- 9. Differential Thermal Analysis, R.C.Mackenzie
- 10. Thermal Methods of Analysis, W.W.Wendlandt
- Synthesis, Functionalization and Surface treatment of Nanoparticles: Maric Isbella and Buraton
- 12. Encyclopedia of Nanotechnology, H.S. Nalwa
- 13. Nanomaterial Systems Properties and Application, A.S.Eldestein and R.C.Cammarata.
- 14. Handbook of Nanotechnology: Bhushan (Ed), Springer Verlag, New York (2004).
- 15. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials- Synthesis properties and Applications by Guozhong Cao (Empirical College Press World Scientific Pub., 2004).
- 16. Nanocomposite Science and Technology, Ajayan, Schadler and Braun
- 17. Fullerene & Carbon nanotubes, Dressel Shaus
- 18. Carbon Nanotubes, Elizer
- 19. Physical properties of CNT, Saito
- 20. Carbon nanotechnology, Liming Dai
- 21. Nanotubes and nanowires, CNR Rao and Govindaraj RCS Publishing.
- 22. Piezoelectric Sensors: Force, Strain, Pressure, Acceleration and Acoustic Emission Sensors, Materials and Amplifiers, G. Gautschi.
- 23. Block Copolymers in Nanoscience Massimo Lazzari
- 24. Supramolecular Chemistry, Jonathan W. Steed, Jerry L. Atwood
- 25. Nanotechnology: Importance and Application by M.H. Fulekar, IK International, 2010.
- Nanotechnology in Biology and Medicine: Methods, Devices and Application by Tuan Vo-Dinh, CRC press, 2007.
- 27. Nanosystem characterization tools in the life sciences by Challa Kumar. Wiley-VCH, 2006.
- 28. Nanolithography M.Gentili et al.(edits), Springer.
- 29. Environanotechnology by Mao Hong fan, Chin-pao Huang, Alan E Bland, Z Honglin Wang, Rachid Sliman, Ian Wright. Elsevier, 2010.
- 30. Nanotechnologies, Hazards and Resource efficiency by M. Steinfeldt, Avon Gleich, U. Petschow, R. Haum. Springer, 2007.
- 31. Nanotechnlogy: Health and Environmental risk by Jo Anne Shatkin. CRC press, 2008.
- 32. An Introduction to Quantum Computing Phillip Kaye, Raymond Laflamme, Michele Mosca
- 33. The Physics of Quantum Information: Quantum Cryptography, Quantum Teleportation, Quantum Computation by Dirk Bouwmeester, Artur K. Ekert, Anton Zeilinger
- Problems And Solutions in Quantum Computing And Quantum Information Yorick Hardy Willi-Hans Steeb

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PAPER -IV (D): SPACE PHYSICS - I

Unit I: Solar Physics

Physical Characteristics of sun, Source of solar energy, thermonuclear reaction and building up of higher elements, Description of solar internal and external layers, Photosphere: Limb darkening, Granulation, Faculae, Solar Chromosphere and Corona, Heating of the solar chromosphere and corona, Prominences, Solar Cycle and Sunspots, Solar Magnetic Fields, Theory of Sunspots, Solar flares, Solar wind, Coronal mass ejections, Helioseismology.

Unit II: Planetary System

Solar planetary system, Major characteristics of the Planets, Atmospheric Composition, Planetary magnetism, Magnetic fields, Magnetic dipole, Asteroids, Comets, Extra Solar Planets, Magnetic fields of Extra Solar Planets

Unit III: Celestial Mechanics

Time and Coordinate system: Celestial Sphere, Solar Time, Sidereal Time, Julian Date, Right Ascension and Declination, Azimuth and Elevation, galactic coordinates, WGS 84 coordinate system. GPS - operation, accuracy, time and position information.

Unit IV: Space and Observational tools

Electromagnetic bands of observation: radio, infrared, optical, UV, X-ray and Gamma-ray windows. Ground-based, balloon-borne and satellite-borne telescopes, Resolution of Instruments and Limitations, Optical telescopes, Photometers, Spectrographs, CCDs, Polarimeters. Radio telescopes - interferometry, X-ray and Gamma-ray detectors, Neutrino and Cosmic Ray astronomy, Radar.

Unit V: Space Missions

Planetary Exploration, Early spacecraft visits to the moon, Unmanned Lunar landers; The Apollo program - man on the moon - instruments and experiments, Lunar structures; Exploration of Mercury, Venus, Mars - the Red Planet - Structure of Mars, Martian atmosphere; ice at the poles, Martian landscapes: linear features, volcanoes, and impact craters; exotic terrains; Study of Planetary moons with space missions, The Cassini-Huygens Mission, The Deep Impact Mission. Search for extra terrestrial life - SETI experiments.

Text and Reference Books

- 1. Solar System Astrophysics, J. C. Brandt and P. W. Hodge
- 2. Introduction to Experimental Physics, W. B. Fretter.
- 3. The Magnetic Field of the Earth, Roland T. Merrill, Michael W. McElhinny, Phillip L. Mcfadden, Academic Press
- 4. Physics of Geomagnetic Phenomena, Vol. I and II, S. Matsushita. and W. H. Campbell, Academic Press
- 5. Earth's Magnetospheric Process, Ed. B. M. McCormac, D. Reidel Publishers
- 6. Physics of the Magnetosphere, Eds. R. L. Corovillano, J. T. McCaulley and H. Radosky, D. Reidel Publishers
- 7. Solar System Plasma Physics, Vol. I, II and III, Eds. C. F. Kennel, L. J. Lanzenrutti and E. N. Parker
- 8. Dynamics of the Geomagnetically Trapped Radiation (Physics and Chemistry in Space, Vol II)

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- 9. Solar Terrestrial Physics, Ed. E. R. Dyer, D. Reidel Publishers
- 10. Solar Magneto-Hydrodynamics, E.R. Priest; D Reidel, 1982
- 11. R.C. Smith, Observational Astrophysics; CUP, 1995.
- 12. C.R. Kitchin, Astrophysical Techniques; Adam Hilger, 1984.
- Digital Image Processing, R. C. Gonzales and R. E. Woods, 2nd Ed, Pearson India, 2002
- 14. Satellite Meteorology, S. Q. Kidder and T. H. Von der Haar, Academic Press, 1995
- 15. Lecture Notes on Satellite Meteorology, Vol 1 and 2, SAC, Ahmedabad
- Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, T. M. Lillesand and R. W. Kieffer, John Wiley, 2002
- Fundamentals of Space Systems, V. L. Pisacane and R. C. Moore, Oxford University Press, 1994
- 18. Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, George Joseph, 2003
- 19. Processing Remote Sensing Data, M. C. Girgard and C. Girgard, Oxford-IBH, 1999
- 20. Quantitative Remote Sensing of Land Surfaces, Shunlin Liang, Wiley Interscience, 2004
- 21. Scale in Remote Sensing and GIS, D. A. Quattrachi and M. F. Goodchild
- 22. Theory of Satellite Orbits in an Atmosphere, King-Hele Desmond, Butterworths, 1964
- 23. Uncertainty in Remote Sensing and GIS, Ed: G. M. Foddy and P. M. Atkinson
- 24. Remote Sensing by George Joseph
- 25. Concepts in Space Sciences Edited by R.R. Daniel
- 26. Mathematical Principles of Remote Sensing by A., Milman
- 27. An Introduction to Ionosphere and Magnetosphere, J. A. Raticliffe
- 28. Solar System Astrophysics, J. C. Brandft and P. W. Hodge
- 29. Plasma Diagnostic Techniques, R. H. Huddlestone and S. L. Leonard
- 30. Introduction to Experimental Physics, W. B. Fretter
- 30. High Vacuum Techniques, J. Yarwood
- 31. Plasma Diagnostics, Vol. I, O. Anciello and D. L. Flamn
- 32. The Earth's Ionosphere: Plasma Physics and Electrodynamics, Michael C. Kelley, AcademicPress
- 33. Ionospheric Techniques and Phenomena, A. Giraud and M. Petit, D. Reidel Publish.
- 34. Physics of Geomagnetic Phenomena, Vol. I and II, S. Matsushita and W. H. Campbell, Academic Press
- 35. Introduction to Ionospheric Physics, H. Risbeth and H. Garriot, Academic Press
- 36. Space Weather, Physics and Effects by Volker Bothmer and Loannis. A. Depli Springer
- 37. Aerospace Environment by T Beer
- 38. Free flight of a rocket By Gantmaker
- 39. Orbital Mechanics, Ed. Vladimir A, Chobotov, AIAA Edn Series
- 39. Introduction to Celestial Mechanics, S. W. McCusky, Addison-Wesley
- 40. Fundamentals of Astrodynamics, R. R. Bates et al, Dover
- 41. Orbital Motion, A. E. Roy, Adam Hinglar Ltd
- 42. Orbital Methods in Astrodynamics, P. R. Escobal, John Wiley
- 43. Fundmentals of Astrodynamics, R. R. Bates et al, Dover
- 44. Orbital Motion, A. E. Roy, Adam Hinglar Ltd
- 45. Design of Orbital Flights, J. Johnson et al., McGraw Hill
- 46. Modern Astrophysics, B. W. Carroll and D. A. Ostlie, Addison Wesley
- 47. The Physical Universe, F. Shu, University Science Books
- 48. The Physics of Astrophysics, Vol. I and II, F. Shu, University Science Books

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- 49. Theoretical Astrophysics, Vol. I, II and III, T. Padmanabhan, Cambridge Uni. Press
- 50. The Physics of Fluids and Plasmas, Arnab Rai Choudhuri, Cambridge Uni. Press

51. Astrophysical Concepts, M. Harwitt, Springer-Verlag

52. Galactic Astronomy, J. Binney and M. Merrifeld, Princeton University Press

53. Galactic Dynamics, J. Binney and S. Tremaine, Princeton University Press

54. Quasars and Active Galactic Nuclei, A. K. Kembhavi and J. V. Narlikar, Cambridge University Press

55. An Introduction to Active Galactic Nucleii, B. M. Peterson

Lab III-A: Materials Science & General

At least ten experiments should be performed from the following list of experiments or parallel level experiment depending upon the facilities available.

1. To determine activation energy of ionic/superionic solid by Temperature depended conductivity measurement.

2. To study Electron Spin(ESR) Resonance in DPPH (Diphenyl Pricyl Hydrazy)

3. To study I-V characteristics of photovoltaic solar cell and find the efficiency.

4. To study the decay of photoconductivity of given sample and find out trap depth.

5. Study of decay of photoluminescence of a given sample.

- 6. Measurement of electrical conductivity using Impedance Spectroscopy technique.
- 7. To determine drift velocities of Ag+ ion in AgI from temperature dependence of ionic transference number study.
- 8. Electrical conductivity of Ball milled/Mechano-chemical synthesized materials.

9. Determination of strength of a given radioactive source.

- 10. Study of complete spectra of radioactive sources, and study of photo peak efficiency of NaI(TI) crystal for different energy gamma rays.
- 11. Structural analysis of powder sample by XRD and particle size determination using Scherrer's formula.

12. FTIR studies of solid samples.

13. Mechanoluminescence of sucrose crystals.

14. Thermoluminescence of irradiated samples.

15. Study of Op-Amp.-IC-741 is inverting/ Non inverting amplifier and draw frequency response curve.

16. Construction of Schmitt triggers using IC-741 and study of its characteristics.

17. Study of Astable and monostable Multi Vibrator using IC 555.

18. Digital electronics experiments on bread board using IC-7400.

Lab III-B: Astronomy & Astrophysics

1. Study of Quasar.

2. Study of the orbit of a visual binary Star.

3. Determine the mass of Saturn & it's rotational velocity.

4. Verification of Hubble's law and determination of Hubble's constant.

5. Identification of element from Fraunhoffer spectrum of the sun.

6. Study of sun spots.

7. Study of light curves of Cepheid variable stars.

8. Study of Proper motion of stars,

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- 9. Determination of Pulsar period and distance.
- 10. Photo-electric photometry of Pleiades star cluster.
- 11. Study of expansion of the universe and calculate the age of the Universe.

OR III -B: Electronics

- (1) Experiments with microprocessor.
 - (a)Convert BCD in to binary & vice versa.
 - (b) To transfer group of data blocks from one location to another location.
 - (c) To write programme for addition & subtraction.
 - (d) To write programme for multiplication & division.
- (2) Logic gate study DTL & RTL.
- (3) To study& verify the Demorgon's Theorem.
- (4) Study of Adder/ Subtractor.
- (5) Study of Encoder & Decoder.
- (6) Study of Multiplexer & Demultiplexer
- (7) Study of digital to analog converter.
- (8) Study of analog to digital converter.
- (9) Study of 4-bit Counter/ ripple Counter.
- (10) Study of left/right shift register.
- (11) Study of read only memory.
- (12) Study of Random Access Memory.
- (13) Study of Phase locked loop.
- (14) Study of BCD to seven segment Decoder.
- (15) Study of modulation & demodulation.
- (16) Optical fiber based experiment.
- (17) Microwave characterization and measurements.

OR III -B: Physics of Nano-material

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- 1. Synthesis of II-IV semiconductor nanoparticles by wet chemical method.
- 2. Synthesis of nanoparticles (ZrO₂) by Combustion method.
- 3. Synthesis of nanoparticles by Sol-gel method.
- 4. Synthesis of nanoparticles by Ball milling method.
- 5. Synthesis of Quantum cells structures using vacuum coating unit.
- 6. Synthesis of nanoparticles using Solid state reaction method.
- 7. Measurement of band gap energy and size of the nano particle of II-IV semiconductor using absorption spectrophotometer.
- 8. To make the peak analysis of IR transmission spectra of nanoparticle using FTIR spectrometer.
- 9. Study of effect of capping agent on the size of the nanoparticle during synthesis.
- 10. To determine the average particle size of nano materials by XRD using Sherer's formula.
- 11. To determine the Hall coefficient and carrier type for a semiconducting nanoparticles.
- 12. To determine the Band gap of a given semiconductor using Four probe method from room temperature to 100°C.
- 13. To determine the average size of paonparticles using Zetasizer.

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- 14. To measure the change of dielectric constant and dielectric loss of nanoparticle with the change of signal frequency by impedance analyzer.
- 15. To characterize the mechanical properties by tensile testing.
- 16. To estimate the particle size by SEM.
- 17. To perform electron diffraction analysis from TEM image.
- 18. To do roughness analysis of nanostructured sample using AFM.

OR III -B: Space Physics

- 1. The flow of energy out of the Sun.
- 2. Study of Sun-spot.
- 3. Astrometry of asteroids.
- 4. Study of expansion of the universe and calculate the age of the Universe.
- 5. Identification of element from Fraunhoffer spectrum of the sun.
- 7. The transit of Venus and Murcury.
- 8. Jupiter's Moon and speed of light.
- 9. Determination of Pulsar period and distance.
- 10. Photo-electric photometry of Pleiades star cluster.
- 11. The large scale structure of the Universe.

Semester - IV

PAPER - I: NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

- Unit-I Nuclear Interactions: Nucleon-nucleon interaction, Two-nucleon system, The ground state of the deuteron, Tensor forces, Nucleon-nucleon scattering at low energy, Scattering length, Effective range theory, Spin dependence of nuclear forces, Charge independence and charge symmetry of nuclear forces, Iso-spin formalism, Exchange forces, Meson theory of nuclear forces and the Yukawa interaction.
- Unit-II Nuclear Reactions: Reaction energetics: Q-equation and threshold energies, Reactions cross sections, Resonance: Breit-Wigner single-level formula, Direct and compound nuclear reactions, Formal reaction theory: Partial wave approach and phase shifts, Scattering matrix, Reciprocity theorem,
- Unit-III Nuclear Decay: Beta decay, Femi's theory of beta decay, Shape of the beta spectrum, Total decay rate, Angular momentum and parity selection rules, Comparative half-lives, Allowed and forbidden transitions, Selection rules, Parity violation, Two component theory of neutrino decay, Detection and properties of neutrino

 Gamma decay, Multiple transitions in nuclei, Angular momentum and Parity selection rules, Internal conversion, Nuclear isomerism.
- Unit –IV Nuclear models: Liquid drop model, Bohr-Wheeler theory of fission, Shell Model, Experimental evidence for shell effects, Single particle shell model, Spin-orbit interaction and magic numbers, Analysis of shell model predictions, Magnetic moments and Schmidt lines, Collective model of Bohr and Mottelson.
- Unit –V Elementary particle Physics: The fundamental interactions, Classification of elementary particles, Leptons and Hadrons, Symmetries, groups and conservation laws, SU(2) and SU(3) multiplets and their properties, Quark model, Properties of Quarks, the standard model.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:

- A. Bohr and B.R.Mottelson, Nuclear structure, vol. 1 (1969) and vol.2, Benjamin, Reading, A, 1975.
- 2. Kenneth S. Krane, Introductory Nuclear Physics, Wiley, New York, 1988.
- 3. Ghoshal, Atomic and Nuclear Physics vol.2.

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- 4. P.H.Perking, Introduction to high energy physics, Addison-Wesley, London, 1982.
- 5. Shriokov Yudin, Nuclear Physics vol.1 & 2, Mir Publishers, Moscow, 1982.
- 6. D.Griffiths, introduction to elementary particles, harper and row, New York, 1987.
- 7. H.A.Enov, introduction to Nuclear Physics, Addison-Wesley, 1973.
- 8. G,E.Brown and A.D.Jackson, Nucleon-Nucleon interaction North-halland Amsterdam, 1976.
- 9. S.D.Benedetti, Nuclear interaction, John Willey and sons, NewYork, 1964.
- 10. M.K.Pal, theory of Nuclear structure, affiliated East West, Madras, 1982.
- 11. Y.R. Waghmare, introductory nuclear physics, Oxford, IBH, Bombay, 1981.
- 12. J.M.Longo, elementary particles, McGraw Hill, New York, 1971.
- 13. R.R.Roy and B.P.Nigam, Nuclear Physics, Wiley-Eastern Ltd. 1983

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PAPER - II LASER PHYSICS AND APPLICATIONS

Unit-I Laser Characteristics -

Spontaneous and stimulated emission, Einstein's quantum theory of radiation, theory of some optical processes, coherence and monochromacity, kinetics of optical absorption, line broadening mechanism, Basic principle of lasers, population inversion, laser pumping, two & three level laser systems, resonator, Q-factor, losses in cavity, threshold condition, quantum yield.

Unit - II Laser Systems

Solid state lasers- the ruby laser, Nd:YAG laser, ND: Glass laser, semiconductor lasers – features of semiconductor lasers, intrinsic semiconductor lasers, Gas laser neutral atom gas laser, He-Ne laser, molecular gas lasers, CO2 laser, Liquid lasers, dye lasers and chemical laser.

Unit-III Advances in laser Physics

Production of giant pulse -Q-switching, giant pulse dynamics, laser amplifiers, mode locking and pulling, Non-linear optics, Harmonic generation, second harmonic generation, Phase matching, third harmonic generation, optical mixing, parametric generation and self-focusing of light.

- Unit IV Multi-photon processes; multi-quantum photoelectric effect, Theory of two-photon process, three- photon process, second harmonic generation, parametric generation of light, Laser spectroscopy: Rayleigh and Raman scattering, Stimulated Raman effect, Hyper-Raman effect, Coherent anti-stokes Raman Scattering, Photo-acoustic Raman spectroscopy.
- Unit V
 Laser Applications ether drift and absolute rotation of the Earth, isotope separation, plasma, thermonuclear fusion, laser applications in chemistry, biology, astronomy, engineering and medicine.
 Communication by lasers: ranging, fiber Optics Communication, Optical fiber, numerical aperture, propagation of light in a medium with variable index, pulse

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:

dispersion.

- 1. Laud, B.B.: Lasers and nonlinear optics, (New Age Int.Pub.1996).
- 2. Thyagarajan, K and Ghatak, A.K.: Lasers theory and applications (Plenum press, 1981).
- 3. Ghatak, A.K.and Thyagarajan, K: Optical electronics (Cambridge Univ. Press 1999).
- 4. Seigman, A.E.: Lasers (Oxford Univ. Press 1986)
- 5. Maitland, A. and Dunn, M.H.: Laser Physics (N.H.Amsterdam, 1969).
- 6. Hecht, J.The laser Guide book (McGraw Hill, NY, 1986).
- 7. Demtroder, W.: Laser Spectroscopy (Springe series in chemical physics vol.5, Springe verlag, Berlin, 1981).
- 8. Harper, P.G.and Wherrett B.S. (Ed.): Non-linear-optics (Acad.press, 1977).

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PAPER - III: SOLID STATE PHYSICS- II

Unit- I: Plasmons, Polaritons

Dielectric function of the electron gas, Plasma optics, Dispersion relation for EM wave, Transverse optical modes in Plasma, Transparency of Alkali metals in the ultraviolet, Longitudinal Plasma oscillations, Plasmon, electrostatic screening and screened Coulomb potential, Mott metal-insulator transition, screening and phonons in metals, Polaritons, LST relation.

Unit -II: Dielectric and ferroelectrics

Maxwell's equations, polarization, macroscopic electric field, depolarization filed, E1; local electric field at an atom, Lorentz filed E2, fields of dipoles inside cavity E3; dielectric constant and polarizability, electronic polarizability; structural phase transition; ferro-electric crystals, classification; displacive transition, soft optical phonons, Landau theory of phase transitions, first and second order transition, antiferro-electricity, ferro-electric domain, piezoelectricity, ferro-elasticity, optical ceramics.

Unit -III: Magnetism

General ideas of dia- and para- magnetisms, quantum theory of paramagnetism, rare earth ions, Hund rule, iron group ions, crystal field splitting, quenching of orbital angular momentum, spectroscopic splitting factor, van vleck temperature dependent paramagnetism, Cooling by isentropic demagnetization, nuclear demagnetization, paramagnetic Susceptibility of conduction electrons.

Unit -IV: Ferromagnetism and anti ferromagnetism

Ferromagnetic order, Curie point and exchange integral, temp dependence of saturation magnetization, saturation magnetization at absolute zero; magnons, quantization of spin waves, thermal excitation of magnons; neutron magnetic scattering, Ferrimagnetic order, Curie temp and susceptibility of ferrimagnets, iron garnets. Antiferromagnetic order, susceptibity below neel temp, antiferromagnetic magnons, ferromagnetic domains.

Unit - V: Optical Processes & Excitons and defects

Optical reflectance, excitons, Frenkel and Mott-Wannier excitons, Alkali Halides and Molecular crystals Defects: lattice vacancies, Schottkey and Frenkel point effects, colour centers, F and other centres, Line defect. Shear strength of single crystals, dislocationsedge and screw dislocations, Burger vectors, Stress fields of dislocations, low angle grain boundaries, dislocation densities, dislocation multiplication and slip, strength of alloys, dislocations and crystal growth, hardness of materials.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. C. Kittel: Introduction to Solid State Physics (Wiley and Sons).
- 2. J.M.Ziman: Principles of theory of solids (Cambridge univ.press).
- 3. Azaroff: X-ray crystallography.
- 4. Weertman and weertman: Elementary Dislocation Theory.
- 5. Verma and Srivastava: Crystallography for Solid State Physics.
- 6. Azeroff and Buerger: The Power Method.
- 7. Buerger: Crystal Structure Analysis.
- 8. Thomas: Transmission Electron Microscopy.
- 9. Omar: Elementary solid state physics.

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- Aschroft and Mermin: Solid State Physics. 10.
- Chalking and Lubensky: Principles of Condensed Matter Physics. 11.
- Madelung: Introduction to solid state theory. 12.
- Callaway: Quantum theory of solid state physics. 13.
- Huang: Theoretical Solid State Physics. 14.
- Kittel: Quantum theory of solids. 15.

PAPER -IV (A): ASTRONOMY AND ASTROPHYSICS - II

- Unit-I: The Milkyway Galaxy: Structure of the Milkyway, Oort's theory of galactic rotation, Dynamics of the spiral arms, Distribution of Interstellar matter, Central regions of the Milkyway.Normal Galaxies: Classification of galaxies, Hubble sequence: Elliptical, Lenticulars and Spiral galaxies, and their properties, Brightness profiles, Distribution of gas and dust in galaxies.
- Unit- II: Active galaxies: Active Galactic Nuclei (AGNs), Seyfert galaxies, BL Lac Objects, Radio galaxies: General properties, Superluminal motion, Quasars: Properties and Energy requirements, Nature of quasar redshifts, Supermassive black hole model and Unified model of AGNs.
- Unit- III: Cosmology: Cosmological principle, Observational support and other arguments to support cosmological principle, Fundamental observers and co-moving frame, Robertson-Walker line element (without derivation), Observational features of Robertson-Walker space time e.g. Red shift etc, Models of the universe, Friedmann models, Quanlitative predictions of FRW model, Quantitative solutions, Open and closed universes, Hubble's law, Angular size, Source counts, Models with the cosmological constant, Steady state cosmology.
- Unit- IV: Relics of the big bang, The early universe, Thermodynamics of the early universe, Thermal History, Primordial neutrinos, Helium synthesis and other nuclei, Microwave background, The very early universe, The formation of structures in the Universe, Jeans Mass, Growth Rate, Recombination era, Onset of matter dominated era.
- Unit- V: Observations of the cosmological significance, Measurement of Hubble's constant, Anisotropy of local large - scale velocity fields, Age of the universe, Abundance of light nuclei, Dark matter, The redshift-magnitude relation, Number counts of extragalactic objects, The variation of angular sizes with distance.

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Astrophysics for Physicists, Arnab Rai Choudhuri, Cambridge Uni.ty Press, 2010.
- 2. Modern Astrophysics, B.W. Carroll and D.A. Ostlie, Addison-Wealey Pub. Co.
- 3. Introductory Astronomy and Astrophysics, M.Zeilik and S.A. Gregory, 4 th edition, Saunders college publishing.
- 4. Theoretical Astrophysics, vol. II: Stars and stellar systems, T. Padmanabhan, Cambridge university press.
- 5. The Physical universe: An introduction to astronomy, F.Shu, Mill valley: University science books.
- 6. Textbook of astronomy and astrophysics with elements of cosmology, V.B.Bhatia, Pb -New Delhi, Narosa publishing house.
- 7. The new cosmos, A.Unsold and B.Baschek, Newyork, Springer Velas.

- 8. Quasars and active galactic neuclei, A.K. Kembhavi and J.V. Narlikar, Cambridge university press.
- 9. Modern Astrophysics, B.W.Carroll and D.A. Ostlie, Addison Wesley publish. co.
- 10. Introductory astronomy and astrophysics, M.Zeilik and S.A.Greogry, 4 th edition, Saunders college publishing.
- 11. Theoretical Astrophysics, vol. I: Astrophysical processes T.Padmanabhan, Cambridge university press.
- 12. Introduction to cosmology, J.V. Narlikar, 3 rd edition, Cambridge uni. press.
- 13. Structure formation in the universe, T.Padmanbhan, Cambridge University, press.
- 14. General relativity and cosmology, J.V. Narlikar-Delhi: Macmil.Comp.of India ltd.
- 15. Galactic Astronomy: Binney and Merrifield.

Paper – IV (B) Electronics II (Communication)

Unit-I Digital communications

Pulse modulation systems, Sampling Theorem, Low pass &Band pass signal, PAM- Channel BE for PAM signal, Natural Sampling, Plat-top sampling, Signal through holding, Quantization of signals, quantization error.

Unit-II Digital modulation techniques

PCM, Differential PCM, Delta modulation, Adaptive, delta modulation (CVSD). BPSK, DPSK, QPSK, PSK,QASK, BFSK, FSK,MSK

Unit-III Mathematical representation of noise

Sources of noise, Frequency domain representation of noise, Effect of filtering on the probability density of Gaussian noise, Spectral component of noise, Effect of a filter on the power spectral density of noise, Superposition of noise, Mixing involving noise, binear filtering, Noise bandwidth, Quadrature component of noise, Power spectral density of $n_s(t)$ & their time derivatives.

Unit-IV Data Transmission I

Base band signal receiver, Probability of error optimum filter, White noise: Matched filter & probability of error, Coherent reception correlation, PSK, FSK, Non-Coherence detection on FSK, Differential PSK, QASK, Calculation of error probability for BPSK,BSFK,QPSK.

Unit-V Data Transmission II

Noise in pulse code & delta modulation system, PCM transmission, Calculation of quantization noise output signal power, Effect of thermal noise, output signal to noise ratio in PCM, DM, Quantization noise in DM, output signal power, DM output signal to quantization noise ratio, effect of thermal noise in delta modulation, output signal to niose ratio in DM

Text and Reference Books:

- 1) "Microwaves" by K.L. Gupta Wiley Estern Ltd. Delhi.
- 2) Advanced Electronic communication system by Wayne Tomsi Physics education.
- 3) Principle of communication of system-by Toub & Schilling: second edition TMH 1994
- 4) Communication system: by siman Haykin, third edition John wiley & sons inc.1994.
- 5) Microwave devices & ckts by: Samuel, Y. Liau.
- 6) Electronic communication: George kennedy.

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Paper - IV (C) PHYSICS OF NANO MATERIALS- II

UNIT I: Electrical transport in nano-stucture

Crystal bonding, structure, growth and symmetries; Band structure and density of states at nano-sclale; Electrical transport in nano-structure- Electical conduction in metals, classical and quantum theory, Conduction in Insulator and Ionic crystal, electron transport in semiconductors, various conduction mechanism in 3D (bulk) and 2D (thin film) and low dimensional systems, thermoionic emission, Field -enhanced thermoionic emission, Arrhenius type thermally activated conduction, variable range hopping and Polaron conduction.

UNIT II: Application of CNT

Applications of Carbon NanoTubes (CNTs) in field emission, fuel cells, CNT FETs, Light Emitting Displays (LEDs) and Flat Panel Displays (FPD), hydrogen storage, solar panels. Application of functional nanomaterials: clean energy (Hydrogen Production from Biomass, Catalytic coal hydrogasification). environmental technologies (clean water and air), health care (tissue and bone repairs, bio medical sensors)

Unit III: Next Generation Applications for Polymeric Nanofibres

Background, Biomedical Applications, Medical Prostheses, Tissue Engineering Scaffolds, Drug Delivery, Wound Dressing, Cosmetics. Filtration applications, Filter media, Protective Clothing, Material Reinforcement, Electrical Conductors, Optical applications, Sensor devices, Conclusion. Reference: Nanotechnology: Global Strategies, Industry Trends and Applications (Editor: Jurgen Schulte)

UNIT IV: Nano-Lithography

Photolithography Principles; Phase Shifting Optical Lithography; Electron Beam Lithography (EBL); Neutral Atomic Beam Lithography; Ion-Beam Lithography (IBL); X-ray Lithography (XRL); Proximal Probe Lithography, Proximal Probes, STM based Electron-Beam Lithography, Soft Lithography. Nano lithographic applications and current research.

UNIT V: Sustainable Nanotechnology and Human Health

Application of industrial ecology to nanotechnology, Fate of nanomaterials in environment, environmental life cycle of nano materials, environmental and health impacts of nano materials, toxicological threats, eco-toxicology, exposure to nano particles - biological damage, threat posed by nano materials to humans, environmental reconnaissance and surveillance. Corporate social responsibility for nanotechnology, Nano materials in future - implications.

.References: Books/ Research Monographs

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- 1. Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications: Guozhang
- 2. Introduction to Nanotechnology: Charles P. Poole Jr and Franks J. Qwens.

3. Handbook of Analytical instruments, R.S. Khandpur

4. Nano materials: Synthesis properties ,characterization and application: A.S Edelstein and R.C Cammaratra

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- 5. Nanoelectronics and Nanosystems, Karl Goser, Peter Glosekotter, Jan Dienstuhl.,
- 6. Springer, 2004
- 7. Nanomaterial Systems Properties and Application, A.S.Eldestein and R.C.Cammarata.
- 8. Handbook of Nanotechnology: Bhushan (Ed), Springer Verlag, New York (2004).
- 9. Nanocomposite Science and Technology, Ajayan, Schadler and Braun
- 10. Piezoelectric Sensors: Force, Strain, Pressure, Acceleration and Acoustic Emission Sensors, Materials and Amplifiers, G. Gautschi.
- 11. Block Copolymers in Nanoscience Massimo Lazzari Supramolecular Chemistry, Jonathan W. Steed, Jerry L. Atwood
- 12. Nanotechnology: Importance and Application by M.H. Fulekar, IK International, 2010.
- 13. Nanotechnology in Biology and Medicine: Methods, Devices and Application by Tuan Vo²Dinh, CRC press, 2007.
- Nanosystem characterization tools in the life sciences by Challa Kumar. Wiley-VCH, 2006.
- 15. Nanolithography M.Gentili et al.(edits), Springer. Environanotechnology by Mao Hong fan, Chin-pao Huang, Alan E Bland, Z Honglin
- 16. Wang, Rachid Sliman, Ian Wright. Elsevier, 2010.
- 17. Nanotechnologies, Hazards and Resource efficiency by M. Steinfeldt, Avon Gleich, U. Petschow, R. Haum. Springer, 2007.
- 18. Nanotechnlogy: Health and Environmental risk by Jo Anne Shatkin. CRC press, 2008.
- 19. An Introduction to Quantum Computing Phillip Kaye, Raymond Laflamme, Michele Mosca
- 20. The Physics of Quantum Information: Quantum Cryptography, Quantum Teleportation, Quantum Computation by Dirk Bouwmeester, Artur K. Ekert, Anton Zeilinger
- 21. Problems And Solutions in Quantum Computing And Quantum Information Yorick Hardy Willi-Hans Steeb
- 22. Introduction to Nano Science and Nano Technology- K.K. Chatopadhyay and A. N. Banerjee

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PAPER -IV (D): SPACE PHYSICS - II

Unit I: Glimpse of Universe

Universe - description, origin, its evolution, age and size; Stars-birth, life, death, spectral analysis, stellar composition - element synthesis in stars, Exotic stars- novae, supernovae, pulsars, black holes and gamma ray bursts; Galaxies; Starbursts and Active Galactic Nucleus; Evidence for the Big Bang; Cosmic Background Radiation; Expansion Models; Dark Matter and Energy Recent innovations about the concept of Universe: Dark Energy and an accelerating universe

Unit II: Spacecrafts & Satellites

Satellite orbits and attitude: principles of satellite motion, Kepler's laws, orbital elements, satellite attitude and its control, types of orbits, polar and geostationary, earth and sunsynchronous, orbit optimization, viewing geometry, launch vehicles and spacecrafts, rocket propulsion concepts such as solid, hybrid, liquid, nuclear and antimatter. Rocket motors and their design, flight stability and recovery systems, stability and control system.

Unit III: Remote Sensing

Sensors and systems: visible, infrared, water vapour and microwave sensors, sensor characteristics, sensor materials, passive and active sensors, scanning radiometers, spectral signatures.

Satellite data processing: satellite data acquisition, satellite communications, data collection platforms, earth station, image processing, geometric and radiometric corrections, image navigation, registration, image enhancement techniques, noise removal methods, histogram methods, density slicing, image classification.

Applications of remote sensing in earth resources management, agriculture, forestry, water resources and disaster mitigation

Unit IV: Solar Wind and Internactions

The ionospheric layers D, E, F and their formation, effect of radiation on earth's atmosphere, photochemical processes,

Geomagnetic and magnetic coordinates, poles, measurement of geomagnetic field components, micropulsation indices, variations of geomagnetic field, quiet and disturbed variations, geomagnetic storms, equatorial and auroral phenomena.

Solar wind, model of solar winds, interaction in the interplanetary medium and with the planets. Magnetosphere: interaction of solar wind with the geomagnetic field and formation of the magnetospheric tail, storm and sub-storm phenomena, Van Allen radiation belts

Unit V: Space Weather

Space Weather Effects on Communication, Space Weather Effects on Power Grids, Space Radiation Protection, Effects on Spacecrafts hardware and Operations, Effects on Satellite Navigation, Forecast of Space Weather.

Text and Reference Books

Same as mentioned in Semester III, Paper IV (D)