

SYLLABUS FOR M.Phil ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

The 100 marks written paper for this examination is divided in two parts. Part A and Part B, In Part - A, which of 60 marks, 30 question of objective nature would be asked. while in part B. which of 40 marks, 08 questions will be asked. It is expected that the examinee will give short answers of 50 words of each question.

PART -A (60 Marks):-

Constitutional Law:	Preamble, Fundamental Rights , Directive Principle of State policy, Judiciary, Emergency Provisions, Amendment.
Legal Theory	Definition, School of Jurisprudence, Right , Duty , Person, Nature & Source of Law.
Family Law	Concepts , Sources of Family Law in India , Marriage and Divorce of both Hindu & Muslim.
Contract	General Principle , offer and acceptance , essential capacity , Elements vitiating contract : mistake, fraud, misrepresentation, coercion, undue influence , frustration of contract.
Torts	Foundation of Tortious Liability , Defenses ; Vicarious Liability, Remoteness of Damages , Contributory Negligence , Absolute and Strict Liability .
Law of crime	General Principles, Nature and Definition of Offence, General Exceptions, Common Intention object, Conspiracy, Abatement of offence against women.
Labour law	Concepts- Industry, Industrial dispute and Workman, Trade Unions- Rights and Duties of Registered unions, Industrial Dispute act 1947, Strike and Lockout as instruments of collective bargaining, Lay-off and Closures.

Part B- (40 marks):-

Unit -I	Essential Features of Indian Constitution, Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and States, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy, Judiciary, Parliament and State Legislatures, Amending Process of the constitution , Role of Election Commission in Democratic Process .
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- Unit -II : Nature, Scope and Importance of Administrative Law, Principles of Natural Justice, Administrative Discretion and its control, Judicial Review of Administrative Action- Writ Jurisdiction Lokpal and Lokayukta.
- Unit -III : Nature and Sources of Law, Legal Concepts-Right, Duty Ownership, Possession and Person, Judicial Process -Application of Doctrine of Precedent of India, Judicial Contribution in Bringing Social Changes Law and Morality.
- Unit -IV : Environmental Pollution - Meaning of Environment and Environmental Pollution : Kinds of Pollution
Legislative Measures for Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution in India - Air and Water Pollution and General Protection of Environment.
International Development for Protection of Environmental Pollution - Civil, Criminal, and Constitutional.
Environmental impact assessment and control of Hazardous wastes.
- Unit - V : Nature of International law and its sources, concept of sovereignty and its relevance today, Recognition of state and Governments, Extradition, Asylum, Nationality and Status of Refugees, International Court of Justice, UNO and its organs, Global Trade Regime under International Law.
- Unit - VI : Concept of Development of Human Rights.
Contribution of United Nations in the development and implementation of Human Rights.
Implementation of Human Rights in India - Role of National Human Rights Commission.
Protection of Marginalised Groups - Women, Children, Minorities and Refugees
- Unit -VII : Nature and definition of Tort.
General Principles of Tortious Liability
Specific Torts - Negligence, Nuisance and Defamation
Absolute Liability - Emerging trends in India.
Consumer Protection - Evolution of Consumer Rights and Redressal of Consumer Grievances.
- Unit - VIII : Partnership Act - Nature and essentials of partnership, mutual rights and liabilities of partners, advantages of registration of firms.
Sales of Goods Act
Negotiable Instruments Act
Role of Directors, Doctrines of Indoor Management and Ultra Vires.

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11/10/10