# SCHEME OF EXAMINATION, COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS

# M.Tech. in Optoelectronics & Laser Technology



## **FACULTY OF SCIENCE**

# Approved by Joint Board of Studies in Electronics & Physics on 18<sup>th</sup> Jan.,2020

**EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC SESSION** 

**JULY - 2020** 

Joint Program of
School of Studies in
Electronics and Photonics
&
School of Studies in
Physics and Astro-Physics

Pt. Ravishankar Shukla University Raipur (C.G.) 492010 WEBSITE: <u>www.</u> prsu.ac.in

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## PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY, RAIPUR (C.G.)

School of Studies in Electronics and Photonics & School of Studies in Physics and Astro-Physics

#### **SCHEME & SYLLABUS**

## M. Tech in Optoelectronics and Laser Technology (UGC & AICTE Approved)

## **SESSION - 2020-2022**

The Master of Science (MS) program in Photonics is designed to prepare students for technically demanding careers in industry as well as for post-master's graduate studies in photonics or related fields. It requires students to build depth in a photonics specialization selected from areas such as lasers and applications, photonics materials and devices, and fiber optics and optical communications. It has a practicum requirement that is satisfied by doing a Minor Project and Industrial training and taking two project-intensive courses Dissertation Phase –I and Phase-II.

The main goal of the master degree program is to prepare professionals with a high level of expertise in cutting-edge photonics technologies and being able to innovate using them, with a practical vision, providing sustainable solutions in different environments, having the proper tools to get involved in an industry demanding experts on those technologies, for creating starts-up or researching in that field.

Optoelectronics & Laser Technology is a highly interdisciplinary Masters programme concerned with fundamental physics of light and optical components as well as a wide range of applications which are essential to our high-tech society, for example our ability to communicate using IT technology.

The field of photonics covers all technical applications of light over the entire spectrum from ultraviolet through visible to near, mid, and far infrared light—and from lasers in CD players through the development of new, energy-saving light sources to integrated light wave circuits and optical fibers. Moreover, photonics plays an increasing role in biology and medicine, for instance in connection with food control or medical therapy, measurement methods for efficiency improvement of wind farms, and technologies capable of measuring the efficiency of combustion processes or carbon dioxide levels in the atmosphere.

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This master program aims at giving an extensive two-year teaching program from fundamentals to advanced research topics in Photonics and its interdisciplinary applications. Master students benefiting from this program will be able to work on today's new challenges in their academic or applied research carriers: understanding and control matter and optical phenomena at the ultimate nanometric scale, providing new imaging tools for the most complex biological processes from cells and tissues to clinical applications, bringing original tools in line with future optical devices.

It is worth-mentioning that in our country the number of postgraduate programmes on modern optics is a few, and in Chhattisgarh state, none of institutes and universities has M.Tech programme in Optoelectronics and Laser Technology. It is one of the programme in the country where Organic Electronics course was introduced after IIT, Kanpur This M.Tech. program is approved and supported by University Grants commission, New Delhi under its innovative Programme for Teaching and Research in Interdisciplinary and Emerging Areas and All India Council for Technical Education.

The interdisciplinary M. Tech Programme in Opto-Electronics and Laser Technology at PRSU, Raipur is offered jointly by S.O.S. in Electronics & Photonics and S.o.S. in Physics & Astro Physics, which has been running since 2008.. The main objective of the Programme is to generate trained professionals in the broad area of Opto-Electronics, Optical Communication and laser Technology with a strong background of engineering and science. Students who graduated in earlier batches are immensely contributing to growth of various industries and R&D organizations involved in the area of telecommunication, optical communication & networks, semiconductor technology, fiber integrated optics, Opto-Electronics, software etc.

Pt. Ravishankar Shukla University is one of the few Universities/ Institutions in India that have facilities for R & D activities and man Power training in Photonics and related areas. The department have collaboration with premier R & D institutes of national importance and students have an opportunity for one year project at BARC, Mumbai, RRCAT- Indore, CSIO-Chandigarh, CEERI —Pilani, IIT Mumbai, ISRO, RRI —Bangalore, PRL— Ahmadabad, IICT Hyderabad, , Raman Research Institute, Bangalore NPL New Delhi and other research centers of National & International reputation. They are getting placement in multinational companies, Industries, Academics and other private and Govt. Organizations.

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## PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY, RAIPUR (C.G.)

## **SYLLABUS**

## M. Tech. in Optoelectronics and Laser Technology

## SEMESTER – I JULY – DECEMBER, 2020

Course	Subject	Core/El ective	Marks			Credit
Code			Theory	Internal	Total	s
OE-11	Modern Optics	С	80	20	100	4
OE-12	Laser Technology	С	80	20	100	4
OE-13	Optoelectronics	С	80	20	100	4
OE-14	Optical Communication	С	80	20	100	4
OE-15	Seminar	С	-	-	50	1
OE-16	Comprehensive Viva voce	С	-	-	Grade	
OE-17	Photonics Lab-I	С	External	Internal	150	3
			120	30	1	
OE-18	Quantum Optics	E	80	20	100	3
Total fo	Total for Semester-I 700				700	23

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## SEMESTER - II

## JANUARY - JUNE, 2021

		JANUARI	- 30112, 2	.021		
Course	Subject	Core/ Elective	Marks			Credits
Code			Theory	Interna I	Total	
OE-21	Physics of Advanced Materials	С	80	20	100	4
OE-22	Fiber Optics & Laser Instrumentation and Solar Photovoltaic Technologies	С	80	20	100	4
OE-23	Optical Networks	С	80	20	100	4
OE-24	Advance Optical Communication	С	80	20	100	4
OE-25	Seminar		-	-	50	1
OE-26	Comprehensive Viva Voce		-	-	Grade	
OE-27	Photonics Lab-II	С	External	Internal	150	3
			120	30		
OE 28	Theory-V	E	80	20	100	3
Total fo	Total for Semester-II			700	23	

## Semester III JULY - DECEMBER, 2021

Course Code	Subject	Core/Elective	Marks	Credits
OE-32	Major Project	С	400	18
	Phase -I			

## **Semester IV**

## **JANUARY - JUNE, 2022**

Course Code	Subject	Marks	Credits
OE-41	Major Project Phase -II		18
OE-42	Comprehensive Viva- Voce	GRADE	
TOTAL CREDI	TS ALL SEMESTERS	2200	. 82

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## PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY, RAIPUR (C.G.) **SYLLABUS**

## SEMESTER - I July-Dec. 2020

## **OE-11-MODERN OPTICS**

## Unit I

Classification of optical processes, optical coefficients, complex refractive index and dielectric constant.

Optical materials: Crystalline insulators and semiconductor, glasses, metal, molecular materials, doped glass and insulator characteristics, Optical Physics in the Solid state, crystal symmetry, electronics bands, vibronic band, the density of state, delocalized states and collective excitation.

Light propagation: Propagation of light in dense optical medium, Atomic oscillator, vibration oscillator, free electron oscillation, the Kramers - Kronig relationship, Dispersion, Optical anisotropy, birefringence. Matrix representation of polarization, Jones vector, Jones matrices, Jones calculus, orthogonal polarization. Reflection and refraction at a plane boundary, fresnel's equations.

## **Unit II**

Excitons: Basic concept, free excitons in external electric and magnetic fields, Free Excitons at light densities, Frenkel excitons.

Luminescence: Light emission in solids, Interband luminescence, Direct and indirect gap materials, photoluminescence: Excitation and relaxation, degeneracy Photoluminescence spectroscopy.

Electroluminescence: General Principles of electroluminescence, light emitting diodes, diode laser.

#### Unit III

Electromagnetism in dielectrics, Electromagnetism fields and Maxwell Electromagnetism waves, Quantum theory of radiative absorption and emission. Einstein coefficients, Quantum transition rates, selection rules. Basic concept of phonons, Polaritons and polarons.

Laser Plasma Interaction: Basic concepts and two-fluid description of plasmas, electromagnetic wave propagation in plasmas.

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#### **Unit IV**

**Nonlinear optics**: Non linear optics: Physical origin of optical nonlinearities, Non resonant and resonant nonlinearities, second order nonlinearities, Non liner frequency mixing, Crystal symmetry, Phase matching, Third order non linear media. Harmonic generation, mixing and parametric effects. multiphonon processes Two-photon absorption, saturated absorption, Spectroscopy Rayleigh, and Raman scattering. Stimulated Raman effect, Hyper Raman effect, Coherent Antistoke Raman scattering Self-focusing and self-phase modulation. Self-induced transparency. Solitons.

## **Unit V**

**Optical Design, Fourier Optics & Holography :** Revision of geometrical optics. Fourier transforms. impulse response transfer function. Scalar diffraction, spatial and temporal coherence.

**Holography**: Image forming systems, The wavefront reconstruction process: Inline hologram, the off axis hologram, Fourier hologram, the lens less Fourier hologram. The reconstructed image: Image of a point, image magnification, orthoscopic and pseudoscopic images, effect of source size and spectral bandwidth. Thin hologram, volume hologram, volume transmission hologram and volume refraction holograms. Materials for recording holograms, holograms for displays, colour holography, holographic optical elements. Holographic interferometry: Real time holographic interferometry, double exposure holographic interferometry image hologram, Image forming systems, coherent and incoherent imaging. Spatial filtering. Holography (Fresnel, Fraunhofer, Fourier). Holographic techniques and applications. Fourier transforming property of thin lens.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Optical Electronics, A. Yariv Saunders
- 2. Optical Electronics, Ghatak & Thyagarajan, Cambridge U.K. 3.Essentials of Optoelectronics, A. Rogers (Chapman Hall) 4.Optical Properties of Solids Mark Fox
- 3. Jasprit Singh, Semi conductor Optoelectronics, McGraw Hill, 1995
- 4. P. Hariharan, Optical holography, (Cambridge University Press, 1984)

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## **OE-12 -LASER TECHNOLOGY**

#### Unit I

## **Einstein Coefficients and Light Amplification**

Introduction: The Einstein's coefficients, Quantum Theory for the Evaluation of the Transition Rates and Einstein Coefficients, Interaction with radiation having a broad spectrum, Introduction of a near monochromatic wave with an atom having a broad frequency response, More accurate solution for the two level system, Line broadening mechanisms, Saturation Behavior of homogeneously and homogeneously broadening transitions.

#### Unit II

**Laser Rate Equations**: Introduction, The three Level System, The Four level System, Variation of Laser Power around Threshold, Optimum Output coupling. Laser spiking.

**Semi classical Theory of Laser**: Introduction, Cavity Modes, Polarization of cavity medium : First order & Higher order theory.

#### **Unit III**

**Optical Resonators:** Introduction, modes of a rectangular cavity and the open planar resonator, The Quality factor, the ultimate line width of the laser, Transverse and longitudinal mode selection switching. Mode locking in Lasers Co focal Resonator system, Planar resonators, General Spherical Resonator.

Optical Pumping: Laser pumping requirement and techniques, Optical Pumping and Electrical discharge pumping. Introduction of Flash Lamp, Optically and diode pumped solid state lasers.

## **Unit IV**

## **Properties of Laser Beams and laser Structures**

Coherence properties of Laser Light: Temporal Coherence, Spatial Coherence, Directionality **Semiconductor:** Interaction of photons with electrons and holes in semiconductors. Optical joint density of states, Structure and properties, operating principle, Threshold condition, Power output.

**Heterojunction Laser:** Principle and structure, Losses in heterostructure laser, Heterostructure laser materials.

Distributed feedback lasers: Principle of working, Coupled mode theory.

Quantum well laser, Gain in quantum well lasers, Multiquantum well lasers, Strained quantum well laser, Vertical cavity surface emitting lasers.

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Free Electron Lasers: Basic Concepts.

July-Dec. 2020

## **Unit V**

## Types and Some important applications of laser:

Properties of solid state laser materials, Ruby, Nd:YAG lasers, Er:lasers, Ti: Saphire laser, Excimer lasers. Gas dynamic CO<sub>2</sub> lasers, High Power Laser. Laser induced fusion: Introduction, The fusion process, laser energy requirements. The laser induced Fusion Reactors.

**Lasers in Science:** Harmonic Generation, Stimulated Raman Emission, Self-focusing, Lasers in Chemistry, Rotation of the Earth, Lasers in isotope Separation. Laser in light detection and ranging (LIDAR).

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Lasers Theory and Applications: K. Thyagrajan and A.K. Ghatak, Macmillan Publication
- 2. Laser Fundmentals Willaim T Selfvast, Cambridge Univ-Press, 2nd edn (2008). (Text)
- 3. Optical Electronics, Ghatak & Thyagarajan, Cambridge U.P. 0-521-31408-9
- 4. Essentials of Optoelectronic, A Rogers (Chapman Hall), 0-412-40890-2

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Fowles G.R., Introduction to Modem Optics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Holt, Rienhart and Winston
- 2. Lasers and nonlinear optics, BB Laud, Wiley Eastern, 3rd edition (2004)
- 3. Optical Electronics A Yariv (4th Ed. Saunders College Pub. (1991).
- 4. Principles of lasers Svelto and DC Hanna, 4th edn, Plenum Press (1998)
- 5. Solid State Laser Engineering Koechonar (Springer Verlag. 1991
- 6. Lasers, principles, types and applications-K R Nambiar, New Age International, Delhi (2004)
- 7. Free Electron Lasers by T.C. Marshall

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## **OE-13- OPTOELECTRONICS**

## Unit I

## **Optical process in Semiconductors**

Electron hole pair formation and recombination, absorption in semiconductor, effect of electric field on Absorption, Franz-keldysh and stark effects, Absorption in Quantum wells and Quantum confined stark effect, relation between Absorption and emission spectra, Stokes shift in optical transition, Deep level transitions, Measurement of absorption and luminescence Spectra, Time resolved Photoluminescence.

## Unit II

**Materials Growth & Fabrication** Growth of optoelectronics materials by MBE, MOCVD, Plasma CVD, photochemical deposition. Epitaxy, interfaces and junctions (advantages/disadvantages of growth methods on interface quality, interdiffusion and doping. Quantum wells and band gap engineering

**Equipments for Thin Film Deposition**: Working principle of Vacuum Coating Unit , Spin Coating Unit, Dip coating unit, Basics of Ellipsometer and Spray pyrolysis apparatus and their specifications and features.

#### **Unit III**

## **Organic Electronics**

Molecular materials, Electronic state in conjugated molecules, Optical spectra of molecules, Electronic vibration transitions, the Franck Condon principle hydrocarbons, conjugated polymer, Conductivity and Mobility of nearly-fee Charge Carriers, Charge Carriers in Organic Semiconductors: Polarons, Shallow Traps and Deep Traps, Generation of Charge Carriers and Charge Transport: Experimental Methods. The TOF Method: Gaussian Transport. Space-Charge Limited Currents. Band or Hopping Conductivity, Electric-field Dependence, Charge Transport in Disordered Organic Semiconductors. The Bassler Model

## **Unit IV**

## **Organic Optoelectronic Devices:**

Organic Light-Emitting Diodes (OLEDs). The Principle of the OLED, Multilayer OLEDs. Structure, Fundamental processes Efficiency, Characterization of OLEDs

**Organic photovoltaic diodes (OPVDs):** Fundamental process, Exciton absorption, Exciton dissociation, Charge collection characterization of OPVDs, Relevant performance parameters.

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#### **Unit V**

**Introduction to Semiconductor Device Simulation:** Need of Simulation, Process Simulation, Device Simulation device simulation sequence, hierarchy of transport models, DD Model, Relationship between various transport regimes and significant length-scales.

Numerical Solution Methods - finite difference scheme, discretization of Poisson's and current continuity equations.

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Organic Molecular Solids Markus Schwoerer (Author), Hans Christoph Wolf, Wiley-VCH; 1 edition (March 27, 2007).
- 2. Semiconductor Devices Modeling and Technology" by Nandita Das Gupta and Amitava Das Gupta, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd.
- 3. Computational Electronics : Dragica Vasileska and Stephen M. Goodnick, CRC Press.
- 4. Semiconductor Optoelectronics Devices: Pallabh Bhattacharya. Pearson Education.
- 5. Optical Electronics, A. Yariv Saunders.
- 6. Optical Electronics, Ghatak & Thyagarajan, Cambridge U.P. 0-521-31408-9.
- 7. Essentials of Electronic & Optoelectronics properties of semiconductor, Jasprit Singh, Cambridge University Press.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Organic Electronics: Materials, Manufacturing, and Applications <u>Hagen Klauk</u> Wiley-VCH; 1 edition.
- 2. Hand book of thin film technology, by L. I. Maissel and R. Glang.
- 3. Thin film phenomena, By K. L. Chopra.
- 4. Opto electronics -An introduction J Wilson and J F B J iS Hawkers.(Prentice-Hall India, 1996).
- 5. Optical fibre communication J M Senior (Prentice Hall India (1994).
- 6. Optical fibre communication systems J Gowar (Prentice Hall 1995).
- 7. Introduction to optical electronics J Palais (Prentice Hall, 1988).
- 8. Semiconductor opto electronics J asprit Singh (McGraW-Hill, Inc, 1995).
- 9. Fibre Optics and Opto-electronics, R P Khare (Oxford University Press, 2004).
- 10. Opto electronics-Thyagaraj an and Ghatak, Cambridge Uni, Press (1997).

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## **OE-14- OPTICAL COMMUNICATION**

## Unit I

Need for fiber optic Communication, evolution of light wave systems and its components. Optical Fiber - their classification, essentials of electromagnetic theory - total internal reflection, Goos Hanchen shifts Dispersion in Single mode fiber, fiber losses, Non liner optical effects and polarization effect. Analysis of Optical fiber waveguides, electromagnetic mode. Theory for optical propagation attenuation and single distortion in optical waveguide. Characteristic equation of step-index fiber, modes and their cut-off frequencies, single-mode fibers, weakly guiding fibers, linearly polarized modes, power distribution. Graded-index fibers- WKB and other analysis, propagation constant, leaky modes, power profiles, dispersions - material, modal & waveguide, impulse response.

## Unit II

## Physics and Technology of Optical Fiber

Passive photonic components: FO cables, Splices, Connectors, Couplers, Optical filter, Isolator, Circulator and Attenuator, switches.

Fabrication of optical fibers: MOCVD, OVD, VAD, PCVD; measurement of RI, attenuation. Etc. Fiber devices, fiber Bragg gratings, long period gratings, fiber amplifiers and lasers. Application of optical fibers in science, industry, medicine and defense.

#### Unit III

Optical fiber systems, modulation schemes, Digital and analog fiber communication system, system design consideration, fiber choice, wavelength conversion, switching and cross connect Semiconductor Optical amplifier (SOA), characteristics, advantages and drawback of SOA, Raman amplifier, erbium doped fiber amplifier, gain and noise in EDFA, Brillion fiber amplifier, wideband Hybrid amplifier, noise characteristic, amplifier spontaneous emission, noise amplifier, noise figure, Cumulative and effective noise figure, Noise impairments, amplifier applications.

## **Unit IV**

Optical Transmitters and Receivers: Basic concepts, Light emitting diodes, Semiconductor laser, characteristics, Transmitter design, Optical Receivers; Basic concepts, P-n and pin photo detector. Avalanche photo detector MSM photo detector, Receiver design, Receiver noise, Receiver sensitivity, Sensitivity degradation, performance.

Electro-optic effect, electro optic retardation. Phase and amplitude modulators, transverse electro optic modulators, Acousto-optic effect, Raman-Nath and Bragg regime, acousto-optic

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modulators, magneto optic effects.

## July-Dec. 2020

#### **Unit V**

## **Optical Multiplexing Techniques**

Wavelength division multiplexing (WDM): Multiplexing Technique, Topologies and architectures, Wavelength shifting and reverse, Switching WDM demultiplexer, optical Add/drop multiplexer. Dense wavelength division multiplexing (DWDM): System consideration, Multiplexer and demultiplexers, fiber amplifier for DWDM, SONET/SDH Transmission, Modulation formats, NRZ and RZ signaling, DPSK system modeling and impairments.

## OE-17- Photonics Lab- I

Experiments are to be performed in the Advance Photonics Laboratory of S. O.S. in Electronics Department.

## L 1 Fiber Optics Lab:

- Study of setting up a Optic Analog Link. 1.
- 2. Study of setting up a fiber Optic Digital Link.
- 3. Study of Losses in Optical Fiber.
- 4. Measurement of Numerical aperture of a optical fiber.
- 5. Study of Manchester Coding & Decoding of optical Signal.
- 6. Study of Time Division Demultiplexing through fiber optic link – B.
- 7. Measurement of Bit Error Rate of an optical signal through fiber optic link – B.
- 8. Study of Eye Pattern of fiber through fiber optic ling – B.
- 9. Forming PC to PC Communication Link-using Optical Fiber & RS – 232 Interface.

## L 2 - Laser Lab:

- 1. Study of Diode Laser characteristic.
- 2. Construction of laser beam expander.
- 3. Measurement of screw parameter.
- 4. Measurement of electro-optic coefficient.
- Magneto-optic effect (Faraday Rotation) 5.
- 6. High voltage sensor based on electro-optic effect.
- 7. Molecular Weight Measurement.
- 8. Holography.
- 9. To demonstrate the I-V and P-V characteristics of PV module with varying radiation and temperature level.
- To demonstrate the I-V and P-V characteristics of series and parallel combination of PV 10. modules.
- 11. To show the effect of variation in tilt angle on PV module power.

## The students are required to perform 5 programs using MATLAB platform

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## **OE 18 Quantum Optics**

#### **Unit-I**

Introduction: What is quantum optics, A brief history of quantum optics

Classical optics Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves , Electromagnetic fields , Maxwell's equations, Electromagnetic waves, Polarization, Diffraction and interference.

#### Unit-II

Formalism of quantum mechanics, The Schr" odinger equation, Properties of wave functions m, Measurements and expectation values, the uncertainty principle, The Stern-Gerlach experiment The band theory of solids.

## **Unit III**

Radiative transitions in atoms, Einstein coefficients, Radiative transition rates, Selection rules Photon statistics: Introduction, Photon-counting statistics, Coherent light, Classification of light by photon statistics.

Coherent states and squeezed light, Light waves as classical harmonic oscillators, Light as a quantum harmonic oscillator, Coherent states, Squeezed states, Detection of squeezed light.

#### **Unit IV**

Quantum information processing, Quantum cryptography, Classical cryptography, Basic principles of quantum cryptography Quantum key distribution according to the BB84 protocol, · System errors and identity verification , Error correction , Identity verification , Practical demonstrations of quantum cryptography, Quantum cryptography in optical fibres.

#### **Unit V**

## **Quantum computing**

Introduction, Quantum bits (qubits), The concept of qubit, Quantum logic gates and circuits, Preliminary concepts Single-qubit gates, Two-qubit gates, Practical implementations of qubit operations optical realization of some quantum gates.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Quantum Optics by M. Fox, Oxford Master series in Atomic, Optical and Laser physics
- 2. Introductory Quantum Optics by C.C. Gerry and P.L. Knight, Cambridge University Press
- 3. Quantum Optics by M.O. Scully and M.S. Zubairy, Cambridge University Press
- 4. Quantum Theory of Light by R. Loudon, Oxford science publication

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## PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY, RAIPUR (C.G.)

## **SYLLABUS** M. Tech in Optoelectronics and Laser Technology

## SEMESTER - 2 **JANUARY - JUNE, 2021**

## **OE-21- PHYSICS OF ADVANCED MATERIALS**

#### **UNIT I**

**Nano Particles and Nano Structured Materials:** 

Properties of Individual Nano-Particle: metal nanoparticles, geometric and electronic structure, magnetic clusters, Semiconductor nanoparticles, optical properties, rare gas and molecular clusters, methods of synthesis of nanoparticles. Carbon nanostructure, C60 carbon nanotube and application.

Bulk nano structured materials: Solid disordered nanostructures, methods of synthesis, properties, metal nano-cluster composite glasses, porous silicon; Nano structured crystals.

## II TINU

## **Quantum Nanostructures and Nano-Machines/Devices:**

Quantum wells, wires and dots, preparation, size & dimensionality effects, excitons, single electron tunneling, applications of quantum nanostructure. Super conductivity. Self-assembly, self-assembly, semiconductor islands, monolayers. Catalysis, surface area of nanoparticles, porous, and colloidal materials.

Nanomachines and Devices: Microelectromechanical system (MEMSs), Nanoelectromechanical system (NEMSs), Photonic nano & micro circuits, nano and micro fluidics. Application of NEMS and MEMS in Rf, Microfluilds, Optics, BioScience, and Precious Manufacturing.

## UNIT- III

Solid state lasers: Material requirement for solid state lasers, Activator ions and centers, parameters for semiconductor laser diode, choosing alloy composition and Material design thickness, making ohmic contracts, Other III-V heterojunction laser materials. Introduction to organic laser. Material selection for light emitting diodes.

Electrical, Optical and Thermal properties of III-V and II-VI semiconductors required for optoelectronics devices for visible and IR range.

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## **JANUARY – JUNE, 2021**

Electroluminescent materials: Inorganic electroluminescence, AC powder EL, ACTFEL device, EL characteristics, EL excitation mechanism. Electroluminescence in Organic solids, Material useful for organic thin film EL devices, polymeric material for EL. LED Technologies for Light Emission and Displays. QLED.

#### **UNIT IV**

Characterization of Materials: Introduction to emission and absorption spectroscopy: Nature of electromagnetic radiation, electromagnetic spectrum, atomic, molecular, vibrational and Xray energy levels Basics of UV-VIS spectroscopy: Radiation sources, wavelength selection, Cells and sampling devices, Detectors, Basic ideal of IR spectrometry: Correlation of Infrared spectra with Molecular Structure.

Fundamental of X-ray diffraction, Powder diffraction method, Quantitative determination of phases; Structure analysis. EDAX, Lithography (top down and bottom up), Contact preparation of thin films for device fabrication.

Epitaxial thin film techniques : Liquid phase epitaxy, vapour phase epitaxy, Metal Organic chemical vapour deposition, Atomic layer epitaxy.

#### **UNIT V**

Experimental Techniques: High resolution X ray diffraction, Double Crystal diffraction,

Drift mobility and Hall mobility, Hall effect for Carrier density and Hall mobility, Photoluminescence (PL) and Excitation Photoluminescence (PLE) Optical pump probe experiments.

Basic idea of Microscopic Techniques: Optical microscope, Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM), Transmission Electron microscope (TEM), Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM), Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM), Thickness measurement - Gravimetric method, Basics of Ellipsometry: Optical parameter measurements ( n and k).

#### **TEXTS BOOKS**

- 1. Nanotechnology by Charles P. Poole Jr. and Frank J. Owens (Willey Inter. Science pub 2003).
- 2. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials Synthesis properties and Applications by Guozhong Cao (Empirical College Press World Scientific Pub. 2004).
- 3. Physics of Semiconductor Devices by S. M. Sze(Willey Int., 1981).
- 4. Instrumental methods of analysis, H. H. Willard, L. L. Merritt, J A Dean, F A Sellte, CBs Publishers New Delhi 1996.

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#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Scanning Electron Microscopy: OOtley.
- 2. Handbook of Electroluminescent Materials Ed. D. R. Vij Inst of Physics, Bristol and Philadelphia.
- 3. Electronic and Optoelectronic properties of Semiconductor, Jaspreet Singh, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. H. Baltes, O. Brand, Enabling Technology for MEMS and Nanodevices, Wiley, New York, 2004.

## **JANUARY – JUNE, 2021**

## **OE-22- FIBER OPTICS LASER INSTRUMENTATION AND SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC TECHNOLOGIES**

#### Unit I

## **OPTICAL FIBER AND THEIR PROPERTIES**

Principle of light propagation through a fiber - Different types of fiber and their properties -Fiber materials and their characteristics - Transmission characteristic of fibers - absorption losses - scattering losses - Dispersion - measurement of optical fibers - optical sources -Optical detectors. Dispersion shifted Fiber Technologies.

## Unit II

## FIBER OPTIC SENSORS IN MEASUREMENTS

Fiber optic instrumentation system - Fiber optic sensors, Different types of modulators, Applicationin instrumentation, Interferometric method of length Measurement, Measurement of pressure, temperature, current, voltage, liquid level and strain. Magnetic and electric field sensors based on the characteristics like intensity, phase, polarization, frequency and wavelength of light wave, Plasmonic nano-sensors.

Laser Plasma Interaction: Basic concepts and two-fluid description of plasmas, electromagnetic wave propagation in plasmas.

## **Unit III**

#### LASERS IN MEASUREMENTS AND TESTING

Laser for measurement of distance, velocity, acceleration, current, voltage, and atmospheric effect, Laser application in Spatial Frequency filtering. surface topology & optical component testing, beam modulation telemetry, laser Doppler velocimetry, surface velocity measurement using speckle patterns, measurements of rate and rotation using laser gyroscope.

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## **Basics of Interferometer:**

Michelson interferometer, Fizeau interferometer, Fourier-transform interferometer, Fresnel interferometer, Holographic interferometer, Fabry-Pérot interferometer

## **JANUARY - JUNE, 2021**

#### **Unit IV**

Lasers in Industry - Laser material processing: Laser matter interactions, mode of coupling energy from beam to the material. CW and pulsed heating and the resulting effect. Thermal processing of materials with lasers, Application in material processing, Laser Welding, Hole Drilling, Laser cutting, Laser Tracking, heat treatment, glazing, alloying, cladding, hardening of surfaces, semiconductor annealing and trimming.

BioMedical Application of Lasers: Medical applications of lasers; laser and tissue interaction - Laser instrument of surgery. Laser light scattering, application in biomedicine. Light transport in tissue.

Photochemical, photothermal, photomechanical effects and their therapeutic applications. Optical imaging and diagnosis. Biomedical Instruments.

#### **Unit V**

## Solar Photovoltaic Technologies

Generation of Photo voltage, Light Generated current,, I-V equation, Solar Cell Characteristics, parameters of solar cells, Relation of Voc and Eq.

Design of solar cells: Upper limit of cell parameters, Losses in Solar Cell, Design for High Isc, Voc and FF Analytical Techniques: Solar Simulator-IV measurement, Quantum efficiency measurement, Minority carrier lifetime & diffusion length measurement.

## **TEXT BOOKs**

- 1. Optical Fiber Communication, Keiser, G. McGraw Hill, Int. Student Ed.
- 2. John and Harry, Industrial Laser and their applications, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications, C. S. Solanki, 2nd Edition Prentice Hall of India, 2011.
- 4. John F Ready, Industrial application of lasers. Academic press 1978.

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- 5. John Crisp, Introduction to Fibre Optics, an imprint of Elsevier Science 1996.
- 6. Understanding Fiber Optics, 4th or 5th edition; Jeff Hech; Prentice Hall Publishers.
- 7. Optical Fiber Communication Principles and Systems, A. Selvarajan, S. Kar and T. Srinivas TMH.

#### REFERENCE BOOK

Revised and approved by Joint Board of Studies in Electronics & Physics on 18th Jan, 2020

- 1. Fiber Optic Communication System, G. P. Agarwal, Willey Eastern.
- 2. Introduction to Fiber Optics, A. Ghatak and K. Thyagrajan, Cambridge Univ. Press.
- 3. Laser Material processing by W.M. Steen.
- 4. M.L. Wolbarshi, Ed. Laser Applications in Medicine & Biology, Vol.1, 2 & 3 (Plenum, New York, 1971,74,77).
- 5. Solar cells: Operating principles, technology and system applications, by Martin A. Green, Prentice- Hall Inc, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, USA.

## **JANUARY - JUNE, 2021**

## **OE-23- OPTICAL NETWORKS**

#### Unit I

WDM Technology and Issue in WDM Optical networks: Introduction - Optical networks -WDM - WDM optical network evolution- Enabling Technology for WDM optical networks -WDM optical network architecture - Issue in Wavelength routed networks - Next generation optical Internet networks, The XG Network architecture, spectrum sensing, spectrum management, spectrum mobility, spectrum sharing, upper layer issues, cross - layer design.

#### **Unit II**

Wavelength Routing Algorithms: Introduction - Classification of RWA algorithms -Fairness and Admission control - Distributed control protocols - Permutation routing and Wavelength requirements Wavelength Rerouting algorithms: Introduction - benefits of wavelength routing - Issue in Wavelength routing - Light path Migration - Rerouting schemes -Algorithm AG - Algorithm MWPG - Rerouting in WDM networks with Sparse Wavelength conversion - Rerouting in Multifiber networks - Rerouting in Multifiber Unidirectional ring Networks.

#### **Unit III**

Wavelength Convertible networks: Introduction - need for Wavelength converters -Wavelength convertible switch architecture - routing in convertible networks - Performance evaluation of convertible networks - Networks with Sparse Wavelength conversion - Converter placement problem - Converter allocation problem.

## **Unit IV**

Virtual topology Design: Introduction - Virtual Topology design problem - Virtual topology sub problems - Virtual topology design Heuristics - Regular virtual topology design predetermined virtual topology and lightpath routes - Design of multi fiber networks.

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Virtual Topology Reconfiguration: Introduction – Need for virtual topology reconfiguration – Reconfiguration due to Traffic changes – reconfiguration for fault restoration.

#### Unit V

**Network Survivability and provisioning:** Failures and Recovery – Restoration schemes – Multiplexing techniques – Distributed control protocols. Optical Multicast routing – Next generation optical internet network.

## **JANUARY - JUNE, 2021**

## **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. C. Siva Ram Murthy and Mohan Gurusamy, "WDM Optical Networks : Concepts, Design and Algorithms ", Prentice Hall India 2002.
- 2. Rajiv Ramasami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, "Optical networks: A Practical Perspective", A Harcourt publishers international company 2000.

## **OE-24-ADVANCED OPTICAL COMMUNICATION**

## Unit I

Introduction to optical components – optical amplifiers – types – issue in optical amplifiers – photonic switching – Cross connect – Wavelength conversion – Multiplexer – Demultiplexer, Filters– tunable filters, Photonic Crystal Fibers: Introduction, Guiding mechanism, modified total internal reflection and photonic bandgap guidance, properties and applications, introduction to OICs and its applications.

## Unit II:

First Generation Optical Networks

SONET/SDH – multiplexing, element of a SONET/SDH infrastructure - SONET/SDH physical layer, Computer interconnects – ESCON, Fiber channel, HIPPI, Metropolitan area networks – FDDI, ATM, Layered Architecture - SONET/SDH layers – Second generation optical network layers.

#### **Unit III**

DWDM: Networks, Devices, and Technology :Fundamentals of DWDM Technology, Architecture and components, Working of DWDM, Topologies and Protection Schemes for DWDM, IP over DWDM Networks, Ethernet switching over DWDM, OTN (Optical Transport Networking), Capacity expansion and Flexibility in DWDM, Future of DWDM, Survivability in DWDM Networks.

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## **Unit IV**

## **OTDM Technology**

Important issues of OTDM – optical solitons. Optical pulse compression – fiber grating compressor soliton effect compressor. Modulation instability, fundamental and higher-order solitons, soliton lasers, soliton-based communication systems, fiber loss, frequency chirp, soliton interaction, design aspects, higher-order nonlinear effects. Broadcast OTDM networks, bit interleaving and packet interleaving, optical AND gates, nonlinear optical loop mirrors, terahertz optical asymmetric demultiplexer, switch based networks. Applications of solitons.

## Unit -V

## FTH and PON Technology

Proposed architecture and issues of Fiber to the home (FTH) – Passive Optical Network (PON), Near space communication – open air optical communication. Inter satellite link hops (ISL). Introduction to all optical networks (AON), Military, Civil, consumer and industrial applications.

Architecture and Analysis of Terabit Packet Switches Using Optoelectronic Technologies: Introduction, Transparant vs. Opaque, Electronic vs. Optical Buffers, An Overview of Related Work, Optical-Buffered Packet Switches, Electronic-Buffered Packet Switches, Generic Architecture of Optical Packet Switch, Optical Interconnection Networks (OIN) Based Architectures, All-Optical Packet Switching (AOPS) Based Architecture.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivrajan, "Optical networks A practical perspective", A Harcourt Publishers International Company 2000
- 2. R. G. Junsperger, "Integrated Optics Theory and Technology, Springer Series in Optical Sciences", 3rd Edition 1991
- 3. Gerd Keiser, "Optical Fiber Communications", McGraw Hill International Edition 191
- 4. G. P. Aggarwal," Non Linear Optics", Academic Press.
- 5. Stamations V. Kartalopoulos, "Understanding SONET/ SDH and ATM Communication network for Next Millennium", PHI 2000.
- 6. C. Sivaram and mohan Gurusamy, "WDM Optical Networks: Concepts, Design and Algorithms" PHI India 2002.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. DWDM: Networks, Devices, and Technology 1st Edition, by "Stamatios, V. Kartalopoulos"
- 2. Broadband Networking ATM, Adh and SONET, "Mike Sexton, Andy Reid"
- 3. F. Poli, A. Cucinotta and S. Selleri: Photonic crystal fiber properties and application, Springer, 2007.
- 7. Optical Networks Recent Advances: Recent Advances edited by Lu Ruan, Ding-Zhu Du, 2001 Kluwer Academic Publisher.

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## **JANUARY – JUNE, 2021**

#### **OE-27- PHOTONICS LAB -II**

Experiments are to be performed in the Advance Photonics Laboratory of S.O.S. in Electronics & **Photonics** 

#### **EXPERIMENTS**

- 1. To calculate the wavelength of Laser using Michelson interferometer.
- 2. To determine the size of tiny particles using Laser.
- 3. To determine the grating pitch of transmission grating.
- 4. To determine the wavelength of a Laser using meter scale ruling.
- 5. To find the refractive index of glass (transparent materials) by measuring Brewster angle.
- 6. To determine the bending losses that occurs in a multimode fiber when it is bent along various radii.
- 7. To determine the absorption coefficient of transparent materials (glass slide).
- 8. To study the variation of splice losses due to transverse offset, angular tilt and longitudinal separation.
- 9. To observe the refraction of light in liquid and to calculate its refractive index.
- 10. To study the wavelength dependence of attenuation in the given optical fiber.
- 11. To determine insertion loss of each channel of WDM mux, loss uniformity and optical cross talk in channels.
- 12. To setup optical Add/Drop multiplexer (OADM) using fiber Bragg grating.
- 13. To setup the WDM link with the given components and determine the total loss for each wavelength.
- 14. To find the refractive index of transparent Bar using diode Laser.
- 15. To observe the absorption of Laser light when various colors are introduced in its path.
- 16. Preparation of thin films with the help of Dip Coating Unit and resistance/ impedance measurement using Source measuring unit.
- 17. Preparation of thin films with the help of Spray pyrolysis method and resistance/ impedance measurement using Source measuring unit.
- 18. Preparation of thin films with the help of Spin Coating Unit and optical constant measurement using ellipsometer.
- 19. Measurement of absorbance and transmittance of solution by using photospectrometer.
- 20. To demonstrate the effect of shading on PV module output power.
- 21. To demonstrate the working of diode as Bypass diode and blocking diode.
- 22. Characterization of semiconductor devices and materials by using Agilant Semiconductor Parameter Analyzer.

Note: Students have to perform at least 15 experiments

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## OE 28 Theory-V

The motivation for the course is to make the students understand the fundamentals and physics of photonic materials, devices and nano photonics, as well as nano-photonic devices. **The student may elect one from OE 28 [A] or OR 28 [B].** 

## **OE 28[A] PHOTONICS MATERIALS AND DEVICES**

## **UNIT I**

Materials for nonlinear optics, preparation and characterization, evaluations of second order and third order nonlinear coefficients, 3 wave and 4 wave mixing in uniaxial and biaxial crystals.

## **UNIT II**

Frequency up and Frequency down conversions, Photorefractive materials, phase conjugation and its applications.

#### **UNIT III**

AO Phenomenon, Raman-Nath and Bragg modulators, deflectors, spectrum analyser devices based on EO and MO effects.

## **UNIT IV**

EL and POS devices, fluoride glass based fibres and their applications, optical fibre based signal processing.

## **UNIT V**

Optical Integrated Circuits, architecture fabrication and applications, CD read/write mechanism, memory storage, information storage and retrivel using holography.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- I. Optoelectronic devices and systems, SC Gupta, Prentice Hall India (2005) (Text)
- 2. Handbook of Nonlinear optical crystals Dmtriev (Springer Verlag), 2003
- 3. Optical Electronics Thyagaraj an and Ghatak W (Cambridge University Press), 1997

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## [OE 28 B] NANOPHOTONICS

## **UNIT I**

## **Foundations for Nanophotonics**

Confinement of Photons and Electrons, Propagation Through a Classically Forbidden Zone: Tunneling, Localization Under a' Periodic Potential: Bandgap, Cooperative Effects for Photons and Electrons, Nanoscale Optical Interactions, Axial and Lateral Nanoscopic Localization, Nanoscale Confinement of Electronic Interactions, Quantum Confinement Effects, Nanoscopic Interaction Dynamics, Nanoscale Electronic Energy Transfer.

Near-Field Interaction and Microscopy: Near-Field Optics, Modeling of Near-Field Nanoscopic Interactions, Near-Field Microscopy, Aperture less Near-Field Spectroscopy and Microscopy, Nanoscale Enhancement of Optical Interactions, Time- and Space-Resolved Studies of Nanoscale Dynamics.

## **UNIT II**

Quantum-Confined Materials: Quantum Wells, Quantum Wires, Quantum Dots
Quantum Rings, Manifestations of Quantum Confinement, Optical Properties, Quantum-Confined Stark Effect, Dielectric Confinement Effect, Single-Molecule Spectroscopy,
Quantum-Confined Structures as Lasing Media, Metallic Nanoparticles and Nanorods,
Metallic Nanoshells Applications of Metallic Nano structures.
Growth and Characterization of Nanomaterials: Growth Methods for Nano materials,
Epitaxial Growth, Laser-Assisted Vapor Deposition (LAND) Nano chemistry,
Characterization of Nano materials, X-Ray Characterization, Transmission Electron
Microscopy (TEM) Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), Scanning Probe Microscopy
(SPM).

## **UNIT III**

Nanostructured Molecular Architectures :Non covalent Interactions, Nanostructured Polymeric Media, Molecular Machines, Dendrimers, Supramolecular Structures, Monolayer and Multilayer Molecular Assemblies.

Photonic Crystals: Basics Concepts, Theoretical Modelling of Photonic Crystals, Features

of Photonic Crystals, Methods of Fabrication, Photonic Crystal Optical Circuitry Nonlinear Photonic Crystals, Photonic Crystal Fibers (PCF), Photonic Crystals and Optical Communications, Photonic Crystal Sensors.

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## **UNIT IV**

Nanocomposites as Photonic Media, Nanocomposite Waveguides, Random Lasers: Laser Paints, Local Field Enhancement, Multiphasic Nanocomposites, Nanocomposites for Optoelectronics.

Industrial nanophotonics: Nanolithography, Nanosphere Lithography, Dip-Pen Nanolithography, Nanoimprint Lithography, Nanoparticle Coatings, Sunscreen Nanoparticles, Self-Cleaning Glass Fluorescent Quantum Dots, Nano barcodes.

## **UNIT-V**

Bio N ano photonics and nanomedicine: Bioderived Materials, Bioinspired Materials Bio templates, Bacteria as Biosynthesizers, Near-Field Bio imaging, Nanoparticles for Optical Diagnostics and Targeted Therapy, Semiconductor Quantum Dots for Bio imaging Bio sensing, Nano clinics for Optical Diagnostics and Targeted Therapy, Nanoclinic Gene Delivery Nano clinics for Photodynamic Therapy.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

Nanophotonics: P N Prasad, Wiley Interscience (2003) (Text) Biophotonics: P N Prasad, Wiley Publications (2004) L. Novotny and B. Hecht, Principles of Nano-optics, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012

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## **Comprehensive Viva-Voce**

A comprehensive viva -voce will be held immediately after the end of Semester I, II and IV. The Comprehensive Viva- Voce is intended to assess the student's understanding of various subjects he has studied during the M.Tech. course of study. The Viva-Voce would be conducted by a Board of Examiners consisting of the Head, Course Coordinator and all concerned Faculty Members of the both Electronics and Physics department. The Comprehensive Viva- Voce is evaluated on the basis of Grade. A candidate has to secure a minimum Grade to be declared successful. If he fails to obtain the minimum Grade, he has to reappear for the viva-voce during the next examination. The Grades are as follows.

RANGE	QUALITATIVE_ASSESSMENT/GRADE		
91% - 100%	0	Outstanding	
81% - 90%	А	Very Good	
71% - 80%	В	Good	
61% - 70%	С	Fair	
50% - 60%	D	Pass	
Below 50%	F	Failure	

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## SEMESTER III (July – December, 2020) Major Project Phase - I

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## SEMESTER IV (January – June, 2021) Major Project Phase- II

## **Project Work Scheme**

**Project** evaluation shall be done at the end of III and IV semesters and the students will have to submit a dissertation on his / her project work as per the Regulation for M.Tech. The problem may be selected form an appropriate Industry or Institution. The candidate is expected to work under the guidance of a project guide for at least for a period as decided. In case the project work is taken up in an external Industry/Institution, the project shall have two guides: one in the participating organization (Industry/Institution) who is the external guide and the other shall be one of the faculty members form Department who is the internal guide. The dissertation should be submitted within tow calendar years form the starting date of the third semester, Six copies of the dissertation have to be submitted to the M.Tech. Course Coordinator. These copies shall be distributed to the External examiner, Internal Examiner, Project guide (Faculty), Department Library and University Library and the Candidate.

## **Evaluation of Project Work**

The project evaluation committee shall be responsible for the project work evaluation The project evaluation committee as per M.Tech. Regulation. The project guide (faculty from department) shall be the internal examiner. The external examiner shall be a technical expert in the concerned subject form any organization other than that of the project guide and is selected form the panel of experts submitted by the Course Coordinator. The dissertation shall be evaluated by the external examiner.

Three bound copies along with a soft copy of the dissertation shall be submitted to the Head of the Department/Coordinator within the last date prescribed by the Department / School for the purpose. The project work shall be evaluated through presentations and viva voce. The grade/marks shall be given to the students according to the level and quality of work and presentation/documentation.

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